Arquitectura de rango medio mejorada de Microchip (p.e.: PIC16F1938)

- 49 instrucciones → añaden instrucciones para mejor manejo del uC y para optimización de “C”
- Guardado automático del contexto en las interrupciones → guarda registros principales
- Pila hardware de 16 niveles con overflow y underflow y acceso al contenido
- Acceso lineal a la memoria de programa /datos como memoria única mediante FSR/INDF
- Extremo bajo consumo (en sleep 20nA, activo 50uA/MHz)
- Oscilador mejorado, con cristal, oscilador interno, etc. + PLL para subir frecuencia (hasta 32Mhz)
- Periféricos nuevos o mejorados
  - Registros LAT → evitan problemas en acceso a los puertos
  - DAC de 32 niveles
  - EUSART → hasta 115kbps full-duplex con detección automática de velocidad (≈ PIC16F88)
  - FVR(Fixed Voltage Feference)
  - Módulo de control de LCD → permite controlar directamente un panel LCD (sin controlador)
  - SR latch
  - Hasta 2 CCP + 3 ECCP (con más modos PWM)
  - Hasta 5 timers ->TMR0, TMR1 y TMR2/4/6 iguales a TMR2 “normal”
  - Módulo sensor capacitivo → monitoriza entradas con cambio de capacidad

Organización de la memoria

- 32 bancos de memoria RAM !!!!! → en cada banco:
  - Los 12 registros principales (se repiten en todos los bancos)
  - Hasta 20 SFR (muchos se repiten)
  - Hasta 80 registros de propósito general (GPR)
  - 16 bytes de RAM comunes a todos los bancos
- Hasta 32K de memoria de programa
- Posibilidad de acceso lineal a la memoria
  - Direccionamiento “normal” → por una lado está la memoria de datos (en bancos) y por otro la de programa
  - Direccionamiento lineal
    - Se ve todo (datos y programa) como un espacio lineal
      - → Todos los bancos seguidos a partir de 0x2000
      - → La memoria de programa a partir de 0x8000 (sólo se puede acceder a los 8 bits menos significativos de cada posición)
    - Se accede mediante FSRx/INDFx → fig 3-12 y 3-13
      - → Registros FSR0 y FSR1 (cada uno 16 bits) → punteros
      - → Registros virtuales INDF0 e INDF1 → al usarlos en el código se accede a las posiciones apuntadas por FSR0 y FSR1

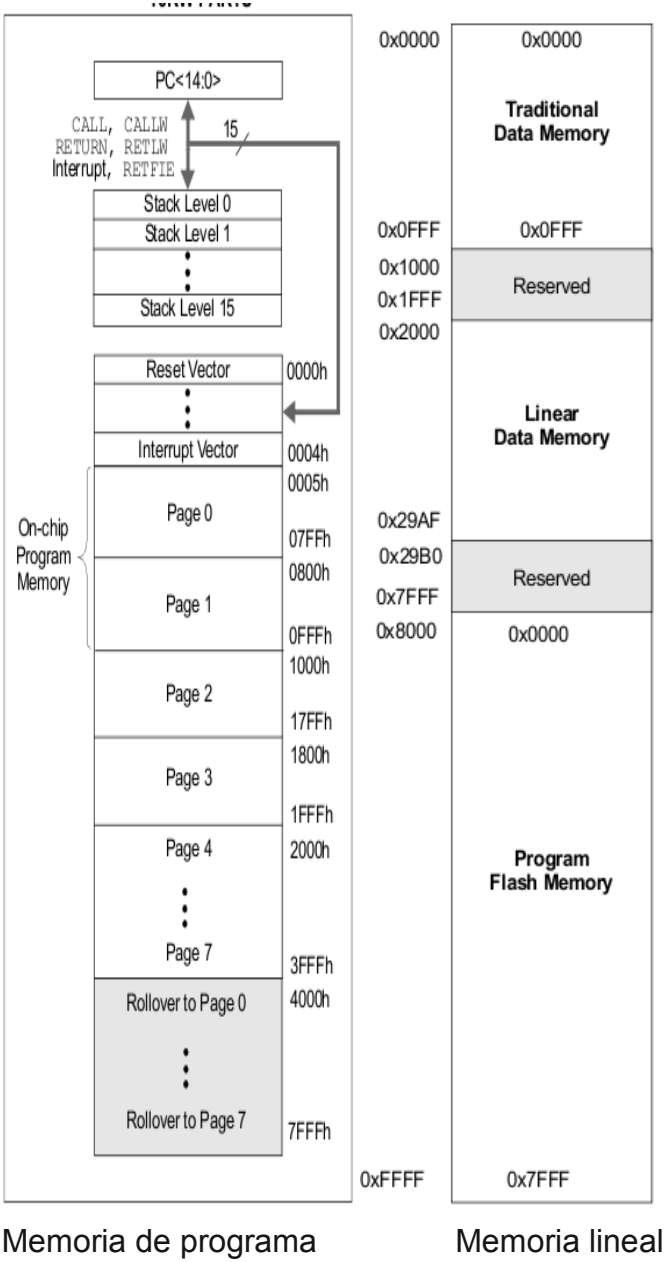


FIGURE 3-11: TRADITIONAL DATA MEMORY MAP

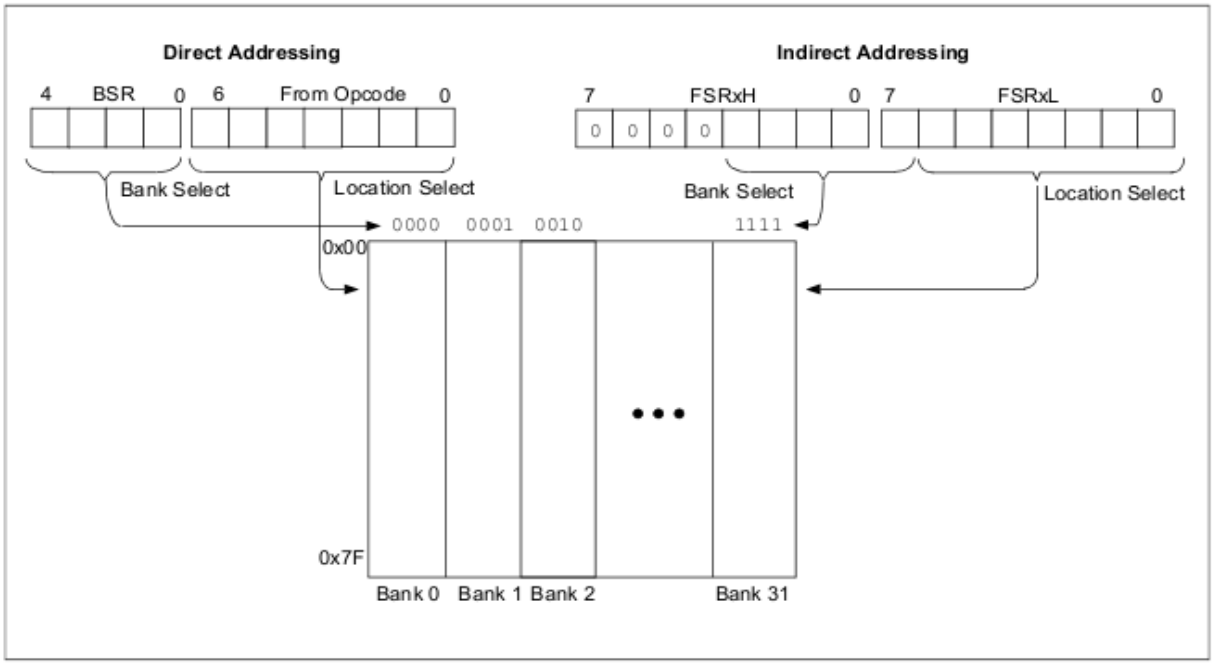


FIGURE 3-12: LINEAR DATA MEMORY MAP

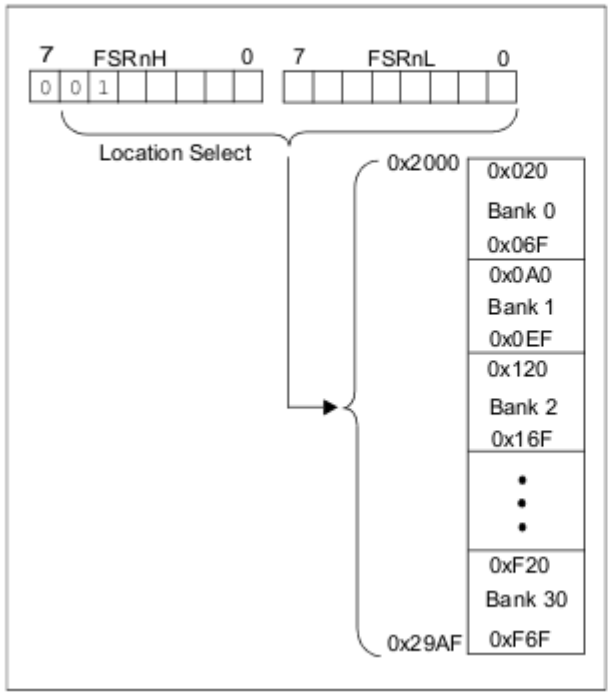


FIGURE 3-13: PROGRAM FLASH MEMORY MAP

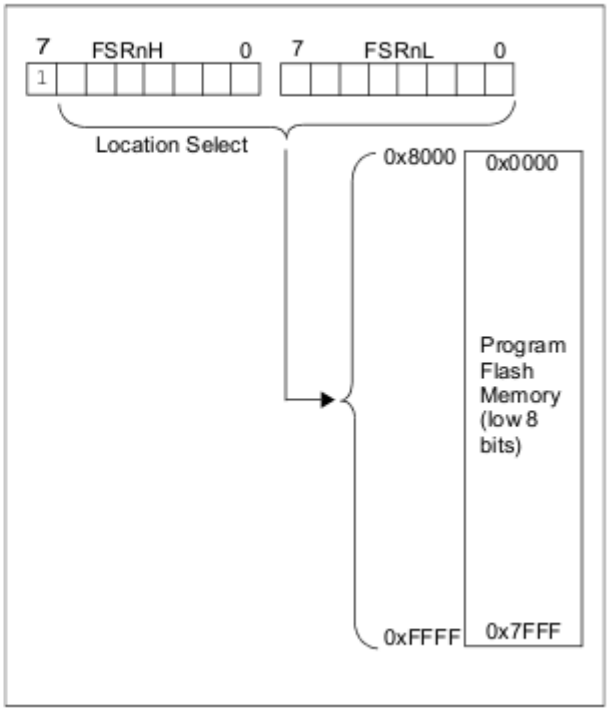


TABLE 3-7: PIC16F1938/1939 MEMORY MAP, BANKS 0-7

	BANK 0		BANK 1		BANK 2		BANK 3		BANK 4		BANK 5		BANK 6		BANK 7
000h	INDF0	080h	INDF0	100h	INDF0	180h	INDF0	200h	INDF0	280h	INDF0	300h	INDF0	380h	INDF0
001h	INDF1	081h	INDF1	101h	INDF1	181h	INDF1	201h	INDF1	281h	INDF1	301h	INDF1	381h	INDF1
002h	PCL	082h	PCL	102h	PCL	182h	PCL	202h	PCL	282h	PCL	302h	PCL	382h	PCL
003h	STATUS	083h	STATUS	103h	STATUS	183h	STATUS	203h	STATUS	283h	STATUS	303h	STATUS	383h	STATUS
004h	FSR0L	084h	FSR0L	104h	FSR0L	184h	FSR0L	204h	FSR0L	284h	FSR0L	304h	FSR0L	384h	FSR0L
005h	FSR0H	085h	FSR0H	105h	FSR0H	185h	FSR0H	205h	FSR0H	285h	FSR0H	305h	FSR0H	385h	FSR0H
006h	FSR1L	086h	FSR1L	106h	FSR1L	186h	FSR1L	206h	FSR1L	286h	FSR1L	306h	FSR1L	386h	FSR1L
007h	FSR1H	087h	FSR1H	107h	FSR1H	187h	FSR1H	207h	FSR1H	287h	FSR1H	307h	FSR1H	387h	FSR1H
008h	BSR	088h	BSR	108h	BSR	188h	BSR	208h	BSR	288h	BSR	308h	BSR	388h	BSR
009h	WREG	089h	WREG	109h	WREG	189h	WREG	209h	WREG	289h	WREG	309h	WREG	389h	WREG
00Ah	PCLATH	08Ah	PCLATH	10Ah	PCLATH	18Ah	PCLATH	20Ah	PCLATH	28Ah	PCLATH	30Ah	PCLATH	38Ah	PCLATH
00Bh	INTCON	08Bh	INTCON	10Bh	INTCON	18Bh	INTCON	20Bh	INTCON	28Bh	INTCON	30Bh	INTCON	38Bh	INTCON
00Ch	PORTA	08Ch	TRISA	10Ch	LATA	18Ch	ANSELA	20Ch	—	28Ch	—	30Ch	—	38Ch	—
00Dh	PORTB	08Dh	TRISB	10Dh	LATB	18Dh	ANSELB	20Dh	WPUB	28Dh	—	30Dh	—	38Dh	—
00Eh	PORTC	08Eh	TRISC	10Eh	LATC	18Eh	—	20Eh	—	28Eh	—	30Eh	—	38Eh	—
00Fh	PORTD(1)	08Fh	TRISD(1)	10Fh	LATD(1)	18Fh	ANSELD(1)	20Fh	—	28Fh	—	30Fh	—	38Fh	—
010h	PORTE	090h	TRISE	110h	LATE(1)	190h	ANSELE(1)	210h	WPUE	290h	—	310h	—	390h	—
011h	PIR1	091h	PIE1	111h	CM1CON0	191h	EEADRL	211h	SSPxBUF	291h	CCPR1L	311h	CCPR3L	391h	—
012h	PIR2	092h	PIE2	112h	CM1CON1	192h	EEADRH	212h	SSPxADD	292h	CCPR1H	312h	CCPR3H	392h	—
013h	PIR3	093h	PIE3	113h	CM2CON0	193h	EEDATL	213h	SSPxMSK	293h	CCP1CON	313h	CCP3CON	393h	—
014h	—	094h	—	114h	CM2CON1	194h	EEDATH	214h	SSPxSTAT	294h	PWM1CON	314h	PWM3CON	394h	IOCBP
015h	TMR0	095h	OPTION	115h	CMOUT	195h	EECON1	215h	SSPxCON1	295h	CCP1AS	315h	CCP3AS	395h	IOCBN
016h	TMR1L	096h	PCON	116h	BORCON	196h	EECON2	216h	SSPxCON2	296h	PSTR1CON	316h	PSTR3CON	396h	IOCBF
017h	TMR1H	097h	WDTCON	117h	FVRCON	197h	—	217h	SSPxCON3	297h	—	317h	—	397h	—
018h	T1CON	098h	OSCTUNE	118h	DACCON0	198h	—	218h	—	298h	CCPR2L	318h	CCPR4L	398h	—
019h	T1GCON	099h	OSCCON	119h	DACCON1	199h	RC1REG	219h	—	299h	CCPR2H	319h	CCPR4H	399h	—
01Ah	TMR2	09Ah	OSCSTAT	11Ah	SRCON0	19Ah	TX1REG	21Ah	—	29Ah	CCP2CON	31Ah	CCP4CON	39Ah	—
01Bh	PR2	09Bh	ADRESL	11Bh	SRCON1	19Bh	SPBRGL	21Bh	—	29Bh	PWM2CON	31Bh	—	39Bh	—
01Ch	T2CON	09Ch	ADRESH	11Ch	—	19Ch	SPBRGH	21Ch	—	29Ch	CCP2AS	31Ch	CCPR5L	39Ch	—
01Dh	—	09Dh	ADCON0	11Dh	APFCON	19Dh	RCSTA	21Dh	—	29Dh	PSTR2CON	31Dh	CCPR5H	39Dh	—
01Eh	CPSCON0	09Eh	ADCON1	11Eh	—	19Eh	TXSTA	21Eh	—	29Eh	CCPTMRS0	31Eh	CCP5CON	39Eh	—
01Fh	CPSCON1	09Fh	—	11Fh	—	19Fh	BAUDCON	21Fh	—	29Fh	CCPTMRS1	31Fh	—	39Fh	—
020h 06Fh	General Purpose Register 96 Bytes	0A0h 0EFh	General Purpose Register 80 Bytes	120h 16Fh	General Purpose Register 80 Bytes	1A0h 1EFh	General Purpose Register 80 Bytes	220h 26Fh	General Purpose Register 80 Bytes	2A0h 2EFh	General Purpose Register 80 Bytes	320h 32Fh 330h 36Fh	General Purpose Register 80 Bytes	3A0h 3EFh	General Purpose Register 80 Bytes
070h 07Fh	Accesses 70h – 7Fh	0F0h 0FFh	Accesses 70h – 7Fh	170h 17Fh	Accesses 70h – 7Fh	1F0h 1FFh	Accesses 70h – 7Fh	270h 27Fh	Accesses 70h – 7Fh	2F0h 2FFh	Accesses 70h – 7Fh	370h 37Fh	Accesses 70h – 7Fh	3F0h 3FFh	Accesses 70h – 7Fh

Legend: = Unimplemented data memory locations, read as '0'.

Note 1: Not available on PIC16F1933/1936/1938/PIC16LF1933/1936/1938.

TABLE 3-8: PIC16F1938/1939 MEMORY MAP, BANKS 8-15

	BANK 8		BANK 9		BANK 10		BANK 11		BANK 12		BANK 13		BANK 14		BANK 15
400h	INDF0	480h	INDF0	500h	INDF0	580h	INDF0	600h	INDF0	680h	INDF0	700h	INDF0	780h	INDF0
401h	INDF1	481h	INDF1	501h	INDF1	581h	INDF1	601h	INDF1	681h	INDF1	701h	INDF1	781h	INDF1
402h	PCL	482h	PCL	502h	PCL	582h	PCL	602h	PCL	682h	PCL	702h	PCL	782h	PCL
403h	STATUS	483h	STATUS	503h	STATUS	583h	STATUS	603h	STATUS	683h	STATUS	703h	STATUS	783h	STATUS
404h	FSR0L	484h	FSR0L	504h	FSR0L	584h	FSR0L	604h	FSR0L	684h	FSR0L	704h	FSR0L	784h	FSR0L
405h	FSR0H	485h	FSR0H	505h	FSR0H	585h	FSR0H	605h	FSR0H	685h	FSR0H	705h	FSR0H	785h	FSR0H
406h	FSR1L	486h	FSR1L	506h	FSR1L	586h	FSR1L	606h	FSR1L	686h	FSR1L	706h	FSR1L	786h	FSR1L
407h	FSR1H	487h	FSR1H	507h	FSR1H	587h	FSR1H	607h	FSR1H	687h	FSR1H	707h	FSR1H	787h	FSR1H
408h	BSR	488h	BSR	508h	BSR	588h	BSR	608h	BSR	688h	BSR	708h	BSR	788h	BSR
409h	WREG	489h	WREG	509h	WREG	589h	WREG	609h	WREG	689h	WREG	709h	WREG	789h	WREG
40Ah	PCLATH	48Ah	PCLATH	50Ah	PCLATH	58Ah	PCLATH	60Ah	PCLATH	68Ah	PCLATH	70Ah	PCLATH	78Ah	PCLATH
40Bh	INTCON	48Bh	INTCON	50Bh	INTCON	58Bh	INTCON	60Bh	INTCON	68Bh	INTCON	70Bh	INTCON	78Bh	INTCON
40Ch	—	48Ch	—	50Ch	—	58Ch	—	60Ch	—	68Ch	—	70Ch	—	78Ch	—
40Dh	—	48Dh	—	50Dh	—	58Dh	—	60Dh	—	68Dh	—	70Dh	—	78Dh	—
40Eh	—	48Eh	—	50Eh	—	58Eh	—	60Eh	—	68Eh	—	70Eh	—	78Eh	—
40Fh	—	48Fh	—	50Fh	—	58Fh	—	60Fh	—	68Fh	—	70Fh	—	78Fh	—
410h	—	490h	—	510h	—	590h	—	610h	—	690h	—	710h	—	790h	—
411h	—	491h	—	511h	—	591h	—	611h	—	691h	—	711h	—	791h	See Table 3-11 or Table 3-12
412h	—	492h	—	512h	—	592h	—	612h	—	692h	—	712h	—	792h	
413h	—	493h	—	513h	—	593h	—	613h	—	693h	—	713h	—	793h	
414h	—	494h	—	514h	—	594h	—	614h	—	694h	—	714h	—	794h	
415h	TMR4	495h	—	515h	—	595h	—	615h	—	695h	—	715h	—	795h	
416h	PR4	496h	—	516h	—	596h	—	616h	—	696h	—	716h	—	796h	
417h	T4CON	497h	—	517h	—	597h	—	617h	—	697h	—	717h	—	797h	
418h	—	498h	—	518h	—	598h	—	618h	—	698h	—	718h	—	798h	
419h	—	499h	—	519h	—	599h	—	619h	—	699h	—	719h	—	799h	
41Ah	—	49Ah	—	51Ah	—	59Ah	—	61Ah	—	69Ah	—	71Ah	—	79Ah	
41Bh	—	49Bh	—	51Bh	—	59Bh	—	61Bh	—	69Bh	—	71Bh	—	79Bh	
41Ch	TMR6	49Ch	—	51Ch	—	59Ch	—	61Ch	—	69Ch	—	71Ch	—	79Ch	
41Dh	PR6	49Dh	—	51Dh	—	59Dh	—	61Dh	—	69Dh	—	71Dh	—	79Dh	
41Eh	T6CON	49Eh	—	51Eh	—	59Eh	—	61Eh	—	69Eh	—	71Eh	—	79Eh	
41Fh	—	49Fh	—	51Fh	—	59Fh	—	61Fh	—	69Fh	—	71Fh	—	79Fh	
420h	General Purpose Register 80 Bytes	4A0h	General Purpose Register 80 Bytes	520h	General Purpose Register 80 Bytes	5A0h	General Purpose Register 80 Bytes	620h	General Purpose Register 48 Bytes	6A0h	Unimplemented Read as '0'	720h	Unimplemented Read as '0'	7A0h	
46Fh		4EFh		56Fh		5EFh		66Fh	Unimplemented Read as '0'	6EFh		76Fh		7EFh	
470h	Accesses 70h – 7Fh	4F0h	Accesses 70h – 7Fh	570h	Accesses 70h – 7Fh	5F0h	Accesses 70h – 7Fh	670h	Accesses 70h – 7Fh	6F0h	Accesses 70h – 7Fh	770h	Accesses 70h – 7Fh	7F0h	Accesses 70h – 7Fh
47Fh		4FFh		57Fh		5FFh		67Fh		6FFh		77Fh		7FFh	

Legend: = Unimplemented data memory locations, read as '0'.

TABLE 3-9: PIC16F193X/LF193X MEMORY MAP, BANKS 16-23

	BANK 16		BANK 17		BANK 18		BANK 19		BANK 20		BANK 21		BANK 22		BANK 23
800h	INDF0	880h	INDF0	900h	INDF0	980h	INDF0	A00h	INDF0	A80h	INDF0	B00h	INDF0	B80h	INDF0
801h	INDF1	881h	INDF1	901h	INDF1	981h	INDF1	A01h	INDF1	A81h	INDF1	B01h	INDF1	B81h	INDF1
802h	PCL	882h	PCL	902h	PCL	982h	PCL	A02h	PCL	A82h	PCL	B02h	PCL	B82h	PCL
803h	STATUS	883h	STATUS	903h	STATUS	983h	STATUS	A03h	STATUS	A83h	STATUS	B03h	STATUS	B83h	STATUS
804h	FSR0L	884h	FSR0L	904h	FSR0L	984h	FSR0L	A04h	FSR0L	A84h	FSR0L	B04h	FSR0L	B84h	FSR0L
805h	FSR0H	885h	FSR0H	905h	FSR0H	985h	FSR0H	A05h	FSR0H	A85h	FSR0H	B05h	FSR0H	B85h	FSR0H
806h	FSR1L	886h	FSR1L	906h	FSR1L	986h	FSR1L	A06h	FSR1L	A86h	FSR1L	B06h	FSR1L	B86h	FSR1L
807h	FSR1H	887h	FSR1H	907h	FSR1H	987h	FSR1H	A07h	FSR1H	A87h	FSR1H	B07h	FSR1H	B87h	FSR1H
808h	BSR	888h	BSR	908h	BSR	988h	BSR	A08h	BSR	A88h	BSR	B08h	BSR	B88h	BSR
809h	WREG	889h	WREG	909h	WREG	989h	WREG	A09h	WREG	A89h	WREG	B09h	WREG	B89h	WREG
80Ah	PCLATH	88Ah	PCLATH	90Ah	PCLATH	98Ah	PCLATH	A0Ah	PCLATH	A8Ah	PCLATH	B0Ah	PCLATH	B8Ah	PCLATH
80Bh	INTCON	88Bh	INTCON	90Bh	INTCON	98Bh	INTCON	A0Bh	INTCON	A8Bh	INTCON	B0Bh	INTCON	B8Bh	INTCON
80Ch	—	88Ch	—	90Ch	—	98Ch	—	A0Ch	—	A8Ch	—	B0Ch	—	B8Ch	—
80Dh	—	88Dh	—	90Dh	—	98Dh	—	A0Dh	—	A8Dh	—	B0Dh	—	B8Dh	—
80Eh	—	88Eh	—	90Eh	—	98Eh	—	A0Eh	—	A8Eh	—	B0Eh	—	B8Eh	—
80Fh	—	88Fh	—	90Fh	—	98Fh	—	A0Fh	—	A8Fh	—	B0Fh	—	B8Fh	—
810h	—	890h	—	910h	—	990h	—	A10h	—	A90h	—	B10h	—	B90h	—
811h	—	891h	—	911h	—	991h	—	A11h	—	A91h	—	B11h	—	B91h	—
812h	—	892h	—	912h	—	992h	—	A12h	—	A92h	—	B12h	—	B92h	—
813h	—	893h	—	913h	—	993h	—	A13h	—	A93h	—	B13h	—	B93h	—
814h	—	894h	—	914h	—	994h	—	A14h	—	A94h	—	B14h	—	B94h	—
815h	—	895h	—	915h	—	995h	—	A15h	—	A95h	—	B15h	—	B95h	—
816h	—	896h	—	916h	—	996h	—	A16h	—	A96h	—	B16h	—	B96h	—
817h	—	897h	—	917h	—	997h	—	A17h	—	A97h	—	B17h	—	B97h	—
818h	—	898h	—	918h	—	998h	—	A18h	—	A98h	—	B18h	—	B98h	—
819h	—	899h	—	919h	—	999h	—	A19h	—	A99h	—	B19h	—	B99h	—
81Ah	—	89Ah	—	91Ah	—	99Ah	—	A1Ah	—	A9Ah	—	B1Ah	—	B9Ah	—
81Bh	—	89Bh	—	91Bh	—	99Bh	—	A1Bh	—	A9Bh	—	B1Bh	—	B9Bh	—
81Ch	—	89Ch	—	91Ch	—	99Ch	—	A1Ch	—	A9Ch	—	B1Ch	—	B9Ch	—
81Dh	—	89Dh	—	91Dh	—	99Dh	—	A1Dh	—	A9Dh	—	B1Dh	—	B9Dh	—
81Eh	—	89Eh	—	91Eh	—	99Eh	—	A1Eh	—	A9Eh	—	B1Eh	—	B9Eh	—
81Fh	—	89Fh	—	91Fh	—	99Fh	—	A1Fh	—	A9Fh	—	B1Fh	—	B9Fh	—
820h 86Fh	Unimplemented Read as '0'	8A0h 8EFh	Unimplemented Read as '0'	920h 96Fh	Unimplemented Read as '0'	9A0h 9EFh	Unimplemented Read as '0'	A20h A6Fh	Unimplemented Read as '0'	AA0h AEFh	Unimplemented Read as '0'	B20h B6Fh	Unimplemented Read as '0'	BA0h BEFh	Unimplemented Read as '0'
870h 87Fh	Accesses 70h – 7Fh	8F0h 8FFh	Accesses 70h – 7Fh	970h 97Fh	Accesses 70h – 7Fh	9F0h 9FFh	Accesses 70h – 7Fh	A70h A7Fh	Accesses 70h – 7Fh	AF0h AFFh	Accesses 70h – 7Fh	B70h B7Fh	Accesses 70h – 7Fh	BF0h BFFh	Accesses 70h – 7Fh

Legend: = Unimplemented data memory locations, read as '0'.

TABLE 3-10: PIC16F193X/LF193X MEMORY MAP, BANKS 24-31

	BANK 24		BANK 25		BANK 26		BANK 27		BANK 28		BANK 29		BANK 30		BANK 31
C00h	INDF0	C80h	INDF0	D00h	INDF0	D80h	INDF0	E00h	INDF0	E80h	INDF0	F00h	INDF0	F80h	INDF0
C01h	INDF1	C81h	INDF1	D01h	INDF1	D81h	INDF1	E01h	INDF1	E81h	INDF1	F01h	INDF1	F81h	INDF1
C02h	PCL	C82h	PCL	D02h	PCL	D82h	PCL	E02h	PCL	E82h	PCL	F02h	PCL	F82h	PCL
C03h	STATUS	C83h	STATUS	D03h	STATUS	D83h	STATUS	E03h	STATUS	E83h	STATUS	F03h	STATUS	F83h	STATUS
C04h	FSR0L	C84h	FSR0L	D04h	FSR0L	D84h	FSR0L	E04h	FSR0L	E84h	FSR0L	F04h	FSR0L	F84h	FSR0L
C05h	FSR0H	C85h	FSR0H	D05h	FSR0H	D85h	FSR0H	E05h	FSR0H	E85h	FSR0H	F05h	FSR0H	F85h	FSR0H
C06h	FSR1L	C86h	FSR1L	D06h	FSR1L	D86h	FSR1L	E06h	FSR1L	E86h	FSR1L	F06h	FSR1L	F86h	FSR1L
C07h	FSR1H	C87h	FSR1H	D07h	FSR1H	D87h	FSR1H	E07h	FSR1H	E87h	FSR1H	F07h	FSR1H	F87h	FSR1H
C08h	BSR	C88h	BSR	D08h	BSR	D88h	BSR	E08h	BSR	E88h	BSR	F08h	BSR	F88h	BSR
C09h	WREG	C89h	WREG	D09h	WREG	D89h	WREG	E09h	WREG	E89h	WREG	F09h	WREG	F89h	WREG
C0Ah	PCLATH	C8Ah	PCLATH	D0Ah	PCLATH	D8Ah	PCLATH	E0Ah	PCLATH	E8Ah	PCLATH	F0Ah	PCLATH	F8Ah	PCLATH
C0Bh	INTCON	C8Bh	INTCON	D0Bh	INTCON	D8Bh	INTCON	E0Bh	INTCON	E8Bh	INTCON	F0Bh	INTCON	F8Bh	INTCON
C0Ch	—	C8Ch	—	D0Ch	—	D8Ch	—	E0Ch	—	E8Ch	—	F0Ch	—	F8Ch	See Table 3-13
C0Dh	—	C8Dh	—	D0Dh	—	D8Dh	—	E0Dh	—	E8Dh	—	F0Dh	—	F8Dh	
C0Eh	—	C8Eh	—	D0Eh	—	D8Eh	—	E0Eh	—	E8Eh	—	F0Eh	—	F8Eh	
C0Fh	—	C8Fh	—	D0Fh	—	D8Fh	—	E0Fh	—	E8Fh	—	F0Fh	—	F8Fh	
C10h	—	C90h	—	D10h	—	D90h	—	E10h	—	E90h	—	F10h	—	F90h	
C11h	—	C91h	—	D11h	—	D91h	—	E11h	—	E91h	—	F11h	—	F91h	
C12h	—	C92h	—	D12h	—	D92h	—	E12h	—	E92h	—	F12h	—	F92h	
C13h	—	C93h	—	D13h	—	D93h	—	E13h	—	E93h	—	F13h	—	F93h	
C14h	—	C94h	—	D14h	—	D94h	—	E14h	—	E94h	—	F14h	—	F94h	
C15h	—	C95h	—	D15h	—	D95h	—	E15h	—	E95h	—	F15h	—	F95h	
C16h	—	C96h	—	D16h	—	D96h	—	E16h	—	E96h	—	F16h	—	F96h	
C17h	—	C97h	—	D17h	—	D97h	—	E17h	—	E97h	—	F17h	—	F97h	
C18h	—	C98h	—	D18h	—	D98h	—	E18h	—	E98h	—	F18h	—	F98h	
C19h	—	C99h	—	D19h	—	D99h	—	E19h	—	E99h	—	F19h	—	F99h	
C1Ah	—	C9Ah	—	D1Ah	—	D9Ah	—	E1Ah	—	E9Ah	—	F1Ah	—	F9Ah	
C1Bh	—	C9Bh	—	D1Bh	—	D9Bh	—	E1Bh	—	E9Bh	—	F1Bh	—	F9Bh	
C1Ch	—	C9Ch	—	D1Ch	—	D9Ch	—	E1Ch	—	E9Ch	—	F1Ch	—	F9Ch	
C1Dh	—	C9Dh	—	D1Dh	—	D9Dh	—	E1Dh	—	E9Dh	—	F1Dh	—	F9Dh	
C1Eh	—	C9Eh	—	D1Eh	—	D9Eh	—	E1Eh	—	E9Eh	—	F1Eh	—	F9Eh	
C1Fh	—	C9Fh	—	D1Fh	—	D9Fh	—	E1Fh	—	E9Fh	—	F1Fh	—	F9Fh	
C20h C6Fh	Unimplemented Read as '0'	CA0h CEFh	Unimplemented Read as '0'	D20h D6Fh	Unimplemented Read as '0'	DA0h DEFh	Unimplemented Read as '0'	E20h E6Fh	Unimplemented Read as '0'	EA0h EEFh	Unimplemented Read as '0'	F20h F6Fh	Unimplemented Read as '0'	FA0h FEFh	
C70h CFFh	Accesses 70h – 7Fh	CF0h CFFh	Accesses 70h – 7Fh	D70h D7Fh	Accesses 70h – 7Fh	DF0h DFFh	Accesses 70h – 7Fh	E70h E7Fh	Accesses 70h – 7Fh	EF0h EFFh	Accesses 70h – 7Fh	F70h F7Fh	Accesses 70h – 7Fh	FF0h FFFh	Accesses 70h – 7Fh

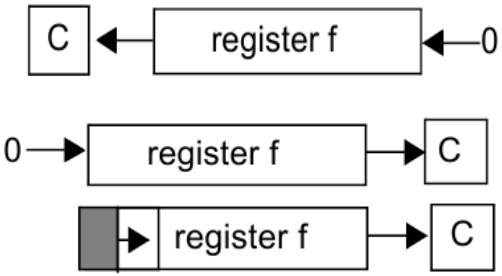
Legend: = Unimplemented data memory locations, read as '0'.

La pila y el salvado automático del contexto de interrución

- Al producirse una interrupción (automáticamente)
  - La dirección de retorno se guarda en la pila
  - Un conjunto de registros se guardan en “Registros sombra” (shadow), en el banco 31
    - Acumulador y STATUS
    - BSR y FSR
    - PCLATH
  - Al volver de la interrupción se recupera la dirección de retorno y los valores de los registros desde los registros sombra
- Pila hardware (no almacenada en memoria de datos) con 16 niveles
  - Direcciones desde 0x00 hasta 0x0F
  - Registro STKPTR → puntero de pila ->Indica la ultima posición usada en la pila (si está vacía 0x1F)
  - Registros TOSH/TOSL → permiten leer/escribir el contenido de la posición apuntada por STKPTR
  - Protección contra overflow/underflow
    - Bit STVREN=1 (palabra de configuración 2) → el overflow/underflow provoca un RESET y no se sobreescribe el valor de la pila
    - Registro PCON, bits STKOVF Y STKUNF → al producirse el overflow/underflow se activan estos bits

Nuevas instrucciones

- BRA ***etiqueta*** → salto relativo (etiqueta entre -255 y +255)
- BRW → salto relativo (posición + acumulador) → evita problemas de páginas en tablas
- MOVLP ***literal*** → PCLATH = literal
- MOVLB ***literal*** → BSR = literal (selección de banco)
- LSLF ***f {,d}*** → desplazamiento lógico a izda.
- LSRF ***f {,d}*** → desplazamiento lógico a dcha.
- ASRF ***f {,d}*** → desp. aritmético a dcha. Mantiene MSB

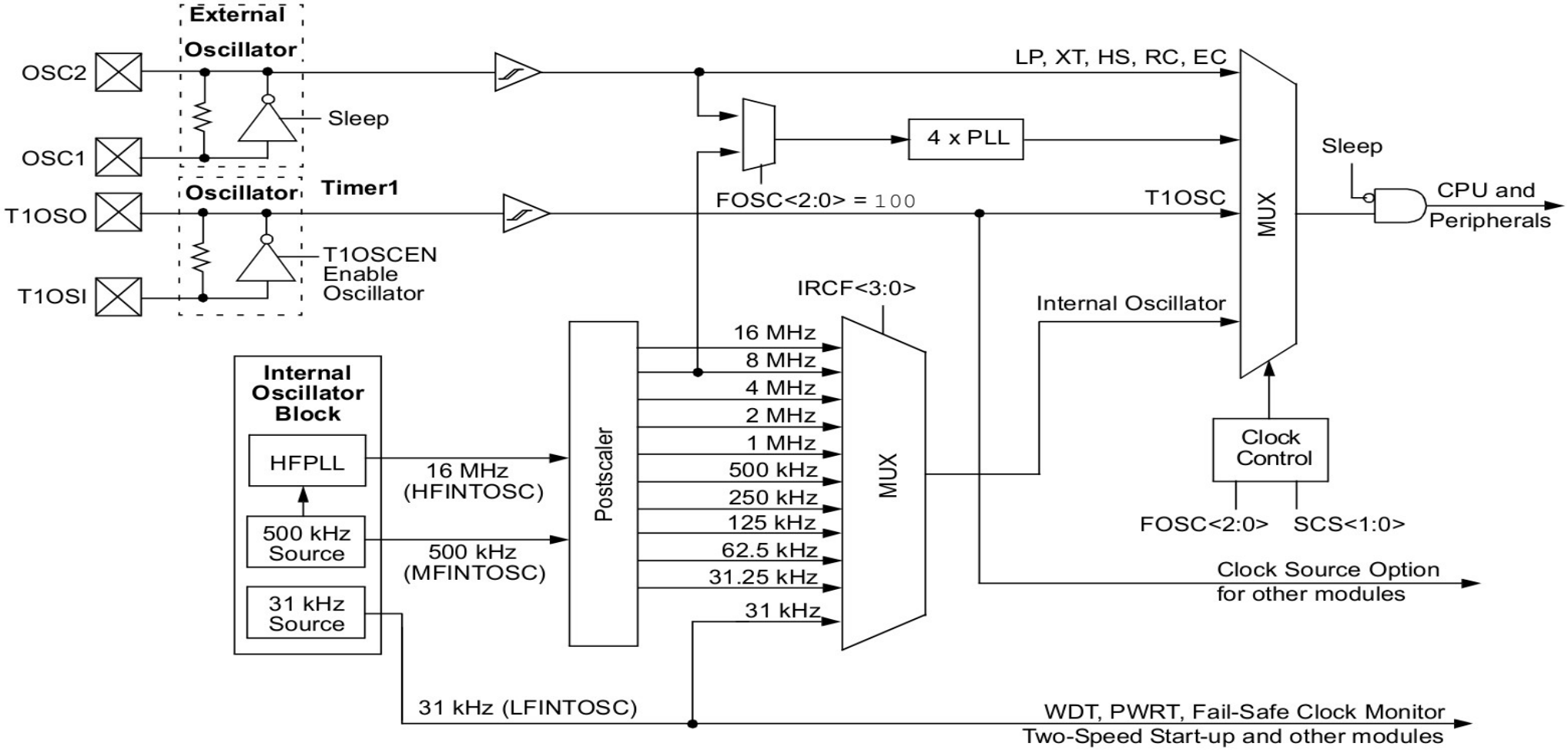


- ADDFSR ***FSRn,k*** → modifica los punteros FSR0 o FSR1
- MOVIW / MOVWF → mueven datos entre W y los registros indirectos INDF0/INDF1

  Distintas posibilidades, por ejemplo para MOVIW (INDFn → W)
  - MOVIW ++INDFn
  - MOVIW --INDFn
  - MOVIW INDFn++
  - MOVIW INDFn--
  - MOVIW k[INDFn] → ofset relativo +k (k entre -32 y +31)
  - MOVIW INDFn
- (instrucciones optimizadas para C)

Oscilador mejorado

- Modos de reloj: EC (externo), LP, XT, HS, RC, INTerno.
- Oscilador interno entre 31Khz y 16Mhz (seleccionable en OSCCON)
- PLL multiplica la Fosc x4 (máximo 32Mhz) → bit PLLEN en la palabra config2 o el bit SPLLEN en el registro OSCCON
- FSCM (Fail-Safe Clock Monitor) → detecta si el reloj (EC,XT,LP,HS,RC) falla y conmuta automáticamente al interno.



REGISTER 5-1: OSCCON: OSCILLATOR CONTROL REGISTER

R/W-0/0	R/W-0/0	R/W-1/1	R/W-1/1	R/W-1/1	U-0	R/W-0/0	R/W-0/0
SPLLEN	IRCF<3:0>				—	SCS<1:0>	
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:		
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'
u = Bit is unchanged	x = Bit is unknown	-n/n = Value at POR and BOR/Value at all other Resets
'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	

bit 7 **SPLLEN:** Software PLL Enable bit

If PLLEN in Configuration Word 1 = 1:

SPLLEN bit is ignored. 4x PLL is always enabled (subject to oscillator requirements)

If PLLEN in Configuration Word 1 = 0:

1 = 4x PLL Is enabled

0 = 4x PLL is disabled

bit 6-3 **IRCF<3:0>:** Internal Oscillator Frequency Select bits

000x =31 kHz LF

0010 =31.25 kHz MF

0011 =31.25 kHz HF(1)

0100 =62.5 kHz MF

0101 =125 kHz MF

0110 =250 kHz MF

0111 =500 kHz MF (default upon Reset)

1000 =125 kHz HF(1)

1001 =250 kHz HF(1)

1010 =500 kHz HF(1)

1011 =1 MHz HF

1100 =2 MHz HF

1101 =4 MHz HF

1110 =8 MHz or 32 MHz HF(see **Section 5.2.2.1 "HFINTOSC"**)

1111 =16 MHz HF

bit 2 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 1-0 **SCS<1:0>:** System Clock Select bits

1x = Internal oscillator block

01 = Timer1 oscillator

00 = Clock determined by FOSC<2:0> in Configuration Word 1.

Note 1: Duplicate frequency derived from HFINTOSC.

REGISTER 5-2: OSCSTAT: OSCILLATOR STATUS REGISTER

R-1/q	R-0/q	R-q/q	R-0/q	R-0/q	R-q/q	R-0/0	R-0/q
T1OSCR	PLLR	OSTS	HFIOFR	HFIOFL	MFIOFR	LFIOFR	HFIOFS
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:		
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'
u = Bit is unchanged	x = Bit is unknown	-n/n = Value at POR and BOR/Value at all other Resets
'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	q = Conditional

bit 7 **T1OSCR:** Timer1 Oscillator Ready bit

If T1OSCEN = 1:

1 = Timer1 oscillator is ready

0 = Timer1 oscillator is not ready

If T1OSCEN = 0:

1 = Timer1 clock source is always ready

bit 6 **PLLR** 4x PLL Ready bit

1 = 4x PLL is ready

0 = 4x PLL is not ready

bit 5 **OSTS:** Oscillator Start-up Time-out Status bit

1 = Running from the clock defined by the FOSC<2:0> bits of the Configuration Word 1

0 = Running from an internal oscillator (FOSC<2:0> = 100)

bit 4 **HFIOFR:** High Frequency Internal Oscillator Ready bit

1 = HFINTOSC is ready

0 = HFINTOSC is not ready

bit 3 **HFIOFL:** High Frequency Internal Oscillator Locked bit

1 = HFINTOSC is at least 2% accurate

0 = HFINTOSC is not 2% accurate

bit 2 **MFIOFR:** Medium Frequency Internal Oscillator Ready bit

1 = MFINTOSC is ready

0 = MFINTOSC is not ready

bit 1 **LFIOFR:** Low Frequency Internal Oscillator Ready bit

1 = LFINTOSC is ready

0 = LFINTOSC is not ready

bit 0 **HFIOFS:** High Frequency Internal Oscillator Stable bit

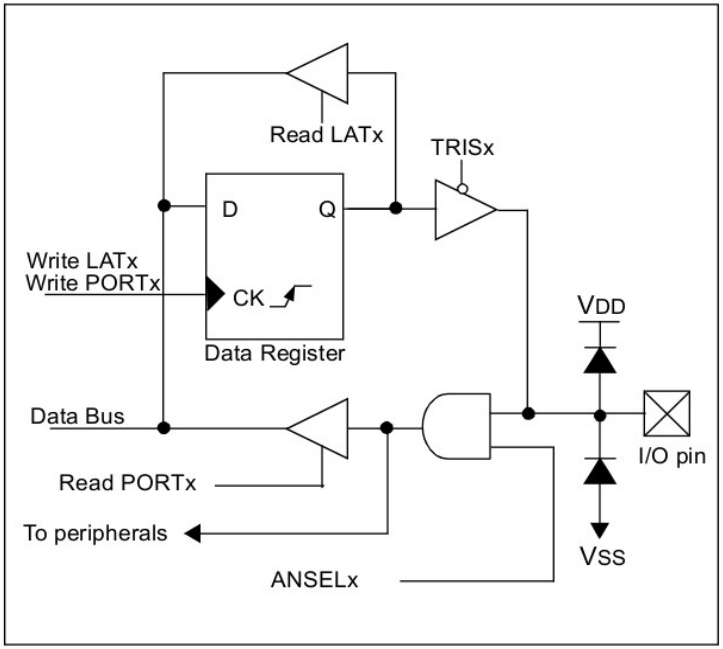
1 = HFINTOSC is at least 0.5% accurate

0 = HFINTOSC is not 0.5% accurate

Puertos (A-E)

- Registros asociados a todos los puertos
  - PORTx, TRISx → igual que antes
  - LATx → evitan problemas con la lectura-modificación-escritura en los puertos
  - APFCON (pag siguiente) → permite cambiar de pin distintas funciones
  - ANSELx → especifico para cada puerto
    - 0=Digital / 1=Analógico
- Interrupciones asociadas a cambio de nivel → PORTB
  - Habilitación individual → dos registros de control
    - IOCBP<7..0> → bit a 1= activada detección flanco subida en ese pin
    - IOCBN<7..0> → bit a 1= detección flanco bajada
  - Registro de flags (IOCBF) → cada bit es un flag
  - INTCON → habilitación: IOCIE + flag global: IOCIF
- Pull-up débil (como entrada)
  - En PORTB completo → registro de control WPUB (bits a 1 → pull-up habilitado en ese pin)
  - En R3 → bit control WPUE3 (registro WPUE)
  - Bit $\overline{\text{WPUEN}}$ (registro option) → a 1 deshabilita todos los pull-up

FIGURE 12-1: GENERIC I/O PORT OPERATION



REGISTER 12-1: APFCON: ALTERNATE PIN FUNCTION CONTROL REGISTER

U-0	R/W-0/0	R/W-0/0	R/W-0/0	R/W-0/0	R/W-0/0	R/W-0/0	R/W-0/0
—	CCP3SEL	T1GSEL	P2BSEL	SRNQSEL	C2OUTSEL	SSSEL	CCP2SEL
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:		
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'
u = bit is unchanged	x = Bit is unknown	-n/n = Value at POR and BOR/Value at all other Resets
'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	

bit 7 Unimplemented: Read as '0'.

bit 6 **CCP3SEL**: CCP3 Input/Output Pin Selection bit

For 28-Pin Devices (PIC16F1933/1936/1938):

0 = CCP3/P3A function is on RC6/TX/CK/CCP3/P3A/SEG9
1 = CCP3/P3A function is on RB5/AN13/CPS5/CCP3/P3A/T1G/COM1

For 40-Pin Devices (PIC16F1934/1937/1939):

0 = CCP3/P3A function is on RE0/AN5/CCP3/P3A/SEG21
1 = CCP3/P3A function is on RB5/AN13/CPS5/CCP3/P3A/T1G/COM1

bit 5 **T1GSEL**: Timer1 Gate Input Pin Selection bit

0 = T1G function is on RB5/AN13/CPS5/CCP3/P3A/T1G/COM1
1 = T1G function is on RC4/SDI/SDA/T1G/SEG11

bit 4 **P2BSEL**: CCP2 PWM B Output Pin Selection bit

For 28-Pin Devices (PIC16F1933/1936/1938):

0 = P2B function is on RC0/T1OSO/T1CKI/P2B
1 = P2B function is on RB5/AN13/P2B/CPS5/T1G/COM1

For 40-Pin Devices (PIC16F1934/1937/1939):

0 = P2B function is on RC0/T1OSO/T1CKI/P2B
1 = P2B function is on RD2/CPS10/P2B

bit 3 **SRNQSEL**: SR Latch nQ Output Pin Selection bit

0 = SRnQ function is on RA5/AN4/C2OUT/SRnQ/$\overline{SS}$/CPS7/SEG5/V_{CAP}
1 = SRnQ function is on RA0/AN0/C12IN0-/C2OUT/SRnQ/$\overline{SS}$/SEG12/V_{CAP}

bit 2 **C2OUTSEL**: Comparator C2 Output Pin Selection bit

0 = C2OUT function is on RA5/AN4/C2OUT/SRnQ/$\overline{SS}$/CPS7/SEG5/V_{CAP}
1 = C2OUT function is on RA0/AN0/C12IN0-/C2OUT/SRnQ/$\overline{SS}$/SEG12/V_{CAP}

bit 1 **SSSEL**: $\overline{SS}$ Input Pin Selection bit

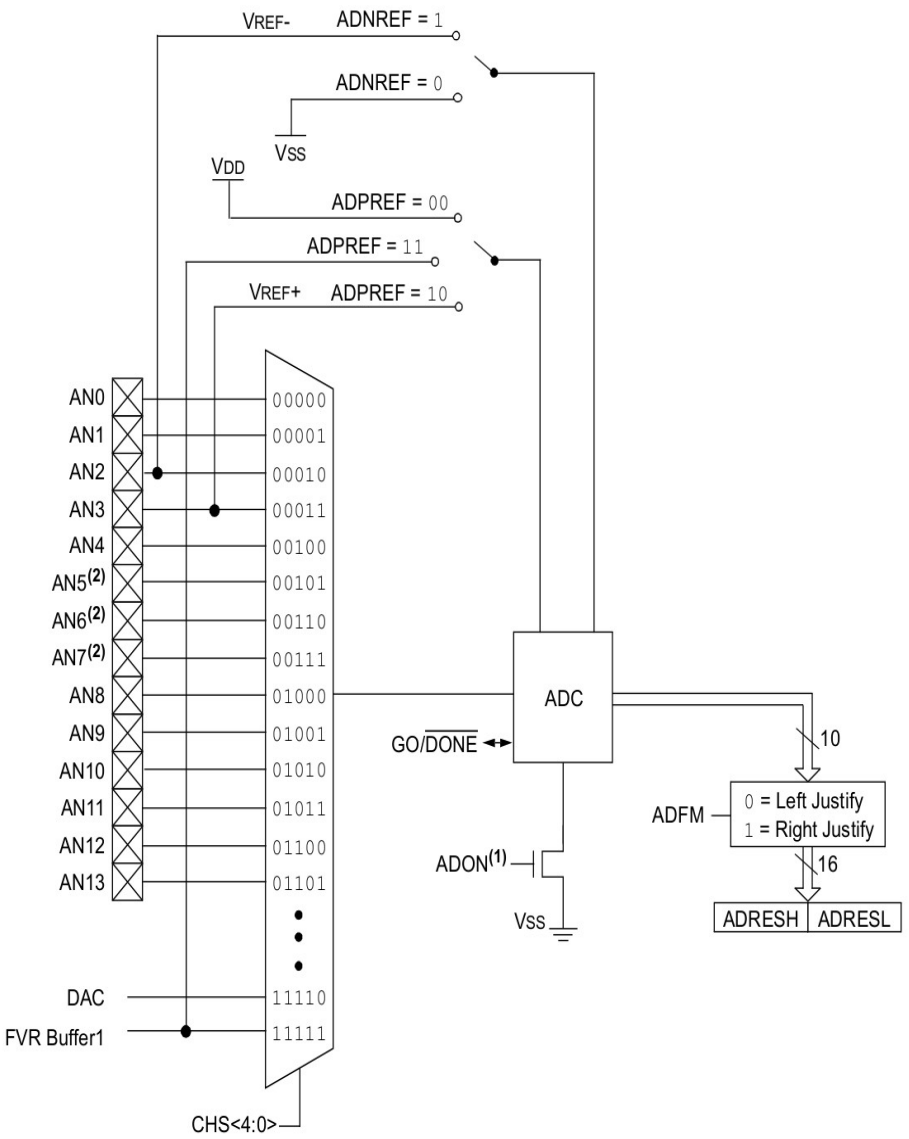
0 = $\overline{SS}$ function is on RA5/AN4/C2OUT/SRNQ/$\overline{SS}$/CPS7/SEG5/V_{CAP}
1 = $\overline{SS}$ function is on RA0/AN0/C12IN0-/C2OUT/SRNQ/$\overline{SS}$/SEG12/V_{CAP}

bit 0 **CCP2SEL**: CCP2 Input/Output Pin Selection bit

0 = CCP2/P2A function is on RC1/T1OSI/CCP2/P2A
1 = CCP2/P2A function is on RB3/AN9/C12IN2-/CPS3/CCP2/P2A/VLCD3

ADC 10 bits

- Casi igual que en PIC16F88
- Mayor número de canales
- Más posibilidades de Vref+ / Vref-
  - Posibilidad de Vref+ desde FVR (referencia de voltaje interna)
  - Configuración de Vraf+ y Vref- con los bits ADNREF Y ADPREF<1..0> de ADCON1
- ¡¡cuidado con la selección de ADCS!! → según la Fosc del micro hay valores de ADCS para los que el ADC no funcionará (tabla15-1)



REGISTER 15-2: ADCON1: A/D CONTROL REGISTER 1

R/W-0/0	R/W-0/0	R/W-0/0	R/W-0/0	U-0	R/W-0/0	R/W-0/0	R/W-0/0
ADFM	ADCS<2:0>			—	ADNREF	ADPREF<1:0>	
bit 7							bit 0

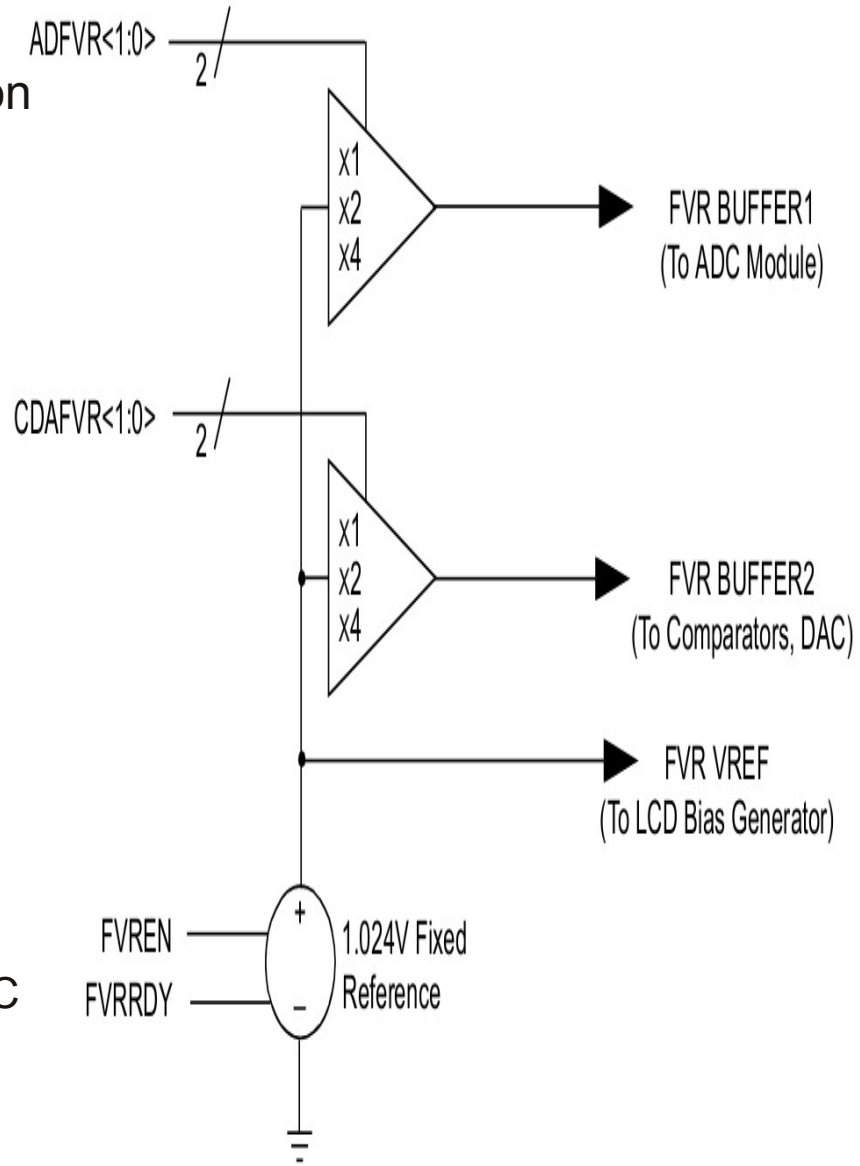
bit 2 **ADNREF:** A/D Negative Voltage Reference Configuration bit
0 = VREF- is connected to VSS
1 = VREF- is connected to external VREF-

bit 1-0 **ADPREF<1:0>:** A/D Positive Voltage Reference Configuration bits
00 = VREF+ is connected to VDD
01 = Reserved
10 = VREF+ is connected to external VREF+
11 = VREF+ is connected to internal fixed voltage reference

Note 1: When ADON = 0, all multiplexer inputs are disconnected.
2: Not available on PIC16F/LF1933/1936/1938.

FVR

- Fixed Voltage Reference → referencia de tensión
- Genera 1,024V
- Se puede multiplicar x1, x2, x4 de forma independiente para dar referencia a ADC, DAC, comparadores
- Es independiente de la tensión de alimentación
- El error (fijo) puede llegar a ser hasta de ±9%
- La variación del error es sólo 0,27%•ΔVin
- Se controla con el registro FVRCON
  - Bit FVREN → habilitación
  - Bits ADFVR → fijan el multiplicador para el ADC
  - Bits CDAFVR → fijan el multiplicador para el DAC y los comparadores



REGISTER 14-1: FVRCON: FIXED VOLTAGE REFERENCE CONTROL REGISTER

R/W-0/0	R-q/q	R/W-0/0	R/W-0/0	R/W-0/0	R/W-0/0	R/W-0/0	R/W-0/0
FVREN	FVRRDY(1)	Reserved	Reserved	CDAFVR<1:0>		ADFVR<1:0>	
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:		
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'
u = Bit is unchanged	x = Bit is unknown	-n/n = Value at POR and BOR/Value at all other Resets
'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	q = Value depends on condition

bit 7 **FVREN:** Fixed Voltage Reference Enable bit
0 = Fixed Voltage Reference is disabled
1 = Fixed Voltage Reference is enabled

bit 6 **FVRRDY:** Fixed Voltage Reference Ready Flag bit(1)
0 = Fixed Voltage Reference output is not ready or not enabled
1 = Fixed Voltage Reference output is ready for use

bit 5-4 **Reserved:** Read as '0'. Maintain these bits clear.

bit 3-2 **CDAFVR<1:0>:** Comparator and DAC Fixed Voltage Reference Selection bit
00 = Comparator and DAC Fixed Voltage Reference Peripheral output is off.
01 = Comparator and DAC Fixed Voltage Reference Peripheral output is 1x (1.024V)
10 = Comparator and DAC Fixed Voltage Reference Peripheral output is 2x (2.048V)(2)
11 = Comparator and DAC Fixed Voltage Reference Peripheral output is 4x (4.096V)(2)

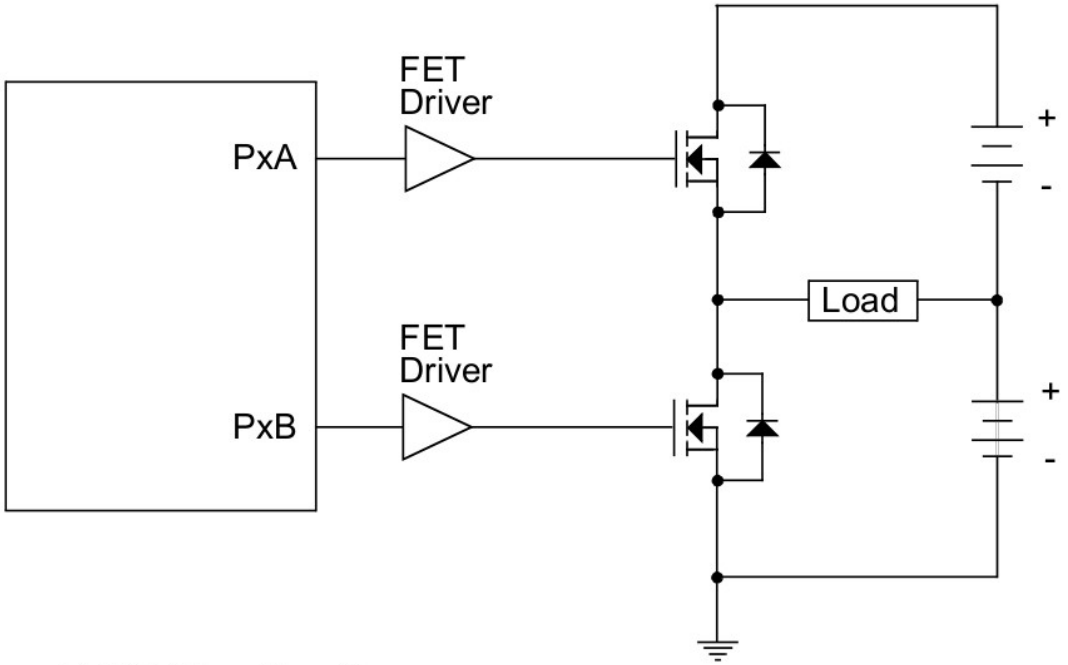
bit 1-0 **ADFVR<1:0>:** ADC Fixed Voltage Reference Selection bit
00 = ADC Fixed Voltage Reference Peripheral output is off.
01 = ADC Fixed Voltage Reference Peripheral output is 1x (1.024V)
10 = ADC Fixed Voltage Reference Peripheral output is 2x (2.048V)(2)
11 = ADC Fixed Voltage Reference Peripheral output is 4x (4.096V)(2)

Note 1: FVRRDY is always '1' on devices with LDO (PIC16F193X).
2: Fixed Voltage Reference output cannot exceed V_{DD}.

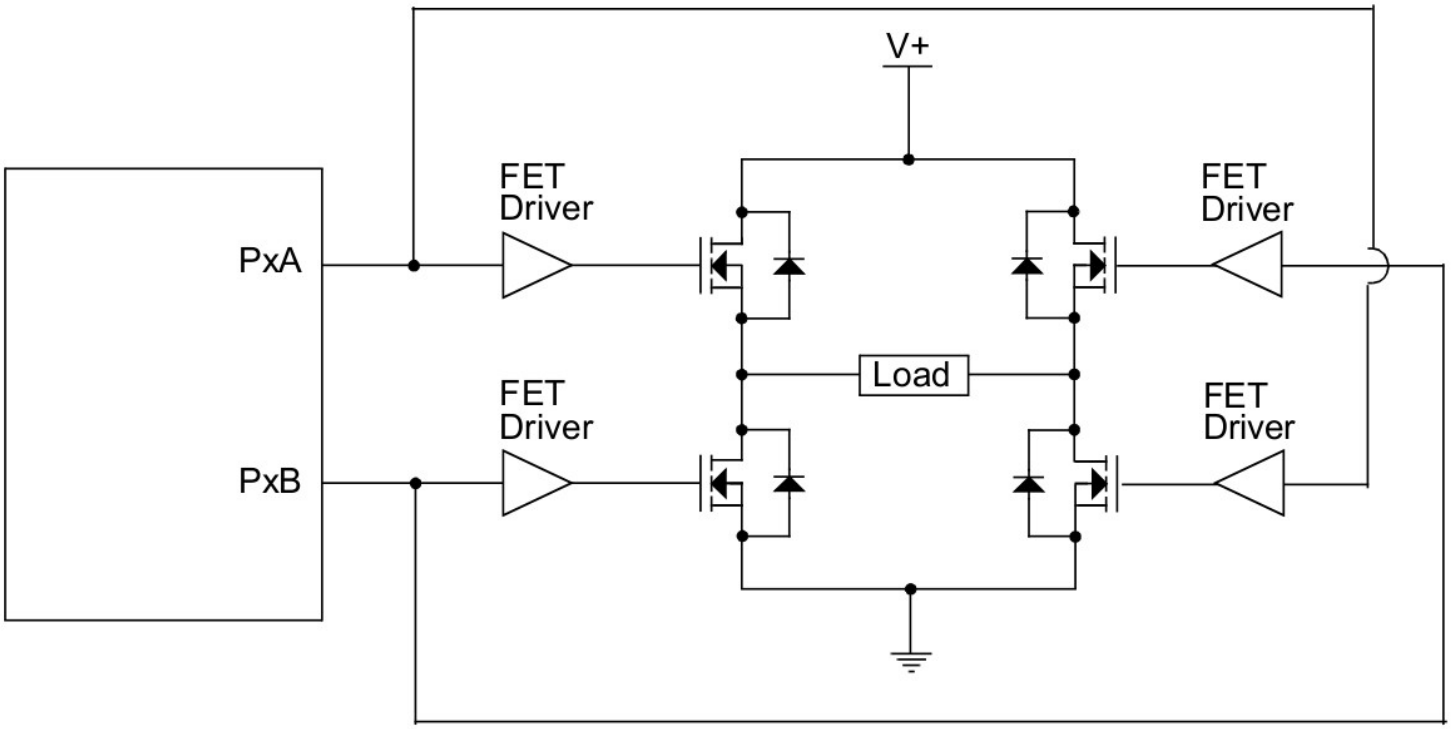
CCP/ECCP

- CCP4 y CCP5 son iguales que en PIC16F88
- Los módulos ECCP1, ECCP2 y ECCP3 también son iguales en los modos de captura y comparación (todos con TMR1)
- La diferencia está en el uso de PWM
  - Posibilidad de seleccionar TMR2/TMR4/TMR6 para cada módulo PWM
  - Modo PWM simple → igual en los 5 módulos, e igual que en PIC16F88
    - El TMR asociado se selecciona con los bits CxTSEL<1:0> de los registros CCPTMRSx
    - Bits DCxB<1:0> del registro CCPxCON → LSB ciclo de trabajo (CCP1X:CCP1Y en PIC16F88)
  - Modo PWM mejorado (enhanced) → sólo para ECCP1, ECCP2 y ECCP3
    - Uso para control de motores → selección de modi bits PxM<1:0> de CCPxCON
      - Half-bridge → control de velocidad unidireccional + frenado activo
        - Se activa con PxM<1:0>=10
        - Retardo “dead-band” programable → evita que los dos transistores conduzcan a la vez: tiempo de retardo entre desactivar uno y activar otro, programamable con bits PxDC<6:0> del registro PWMxCON
      - Full-bridge → control de velocidad bidireccional
        - Se activa con PxM<1:0> = 01 (hacia delante) o PxM<1:0> =11 (hacia atrás)
        - Al cambiar dirección (bit PxM1) se cambia al siguiente ciclo PWM
  - PWM steering → en modo simple permite generar hasta 4 señales PWM sincronizadas

Standard Half-Bridge Circuit (“Push-Pull”)



Half-Bridge Output Driving a Full-Bridge Circuit



Full-Bridge

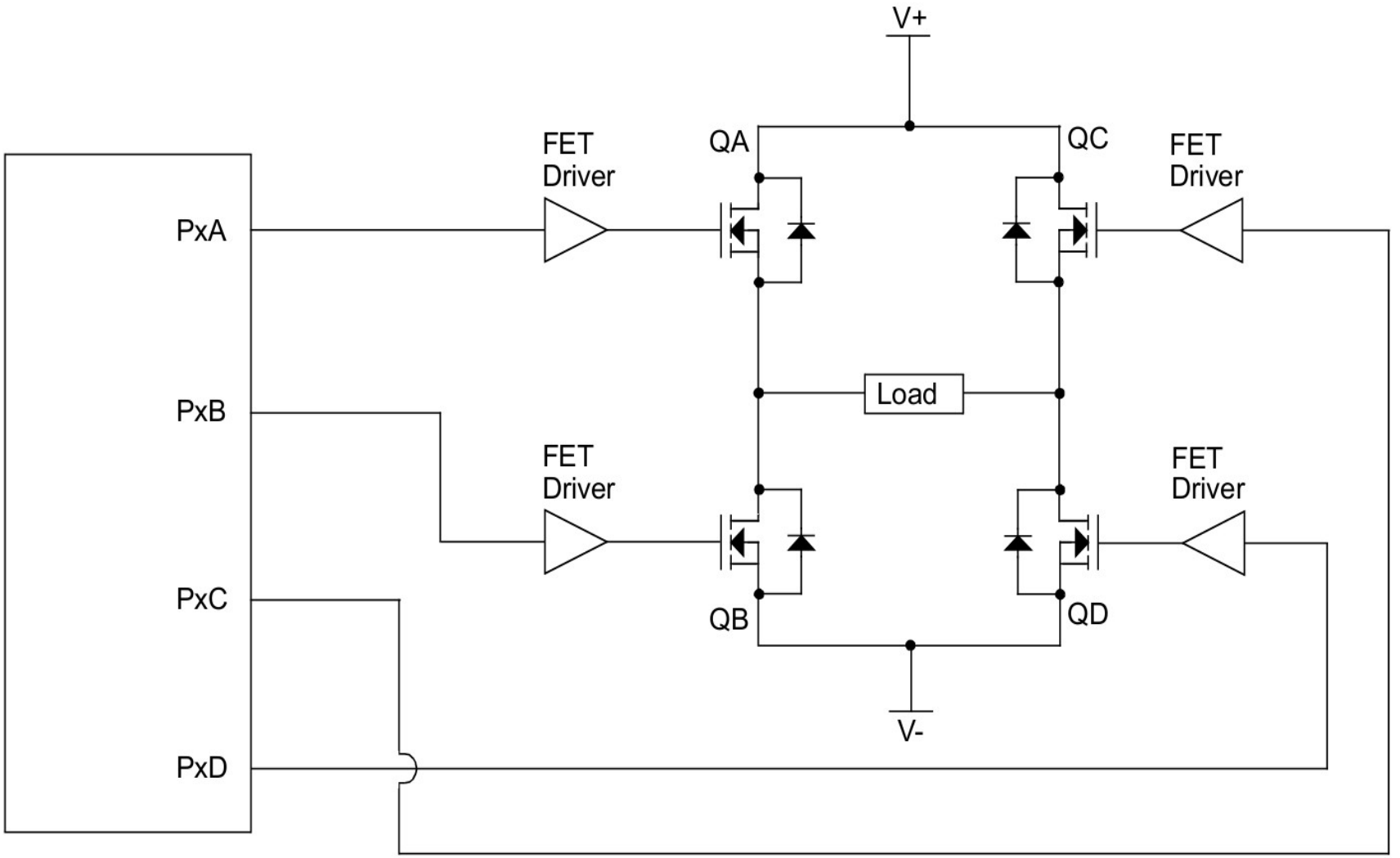
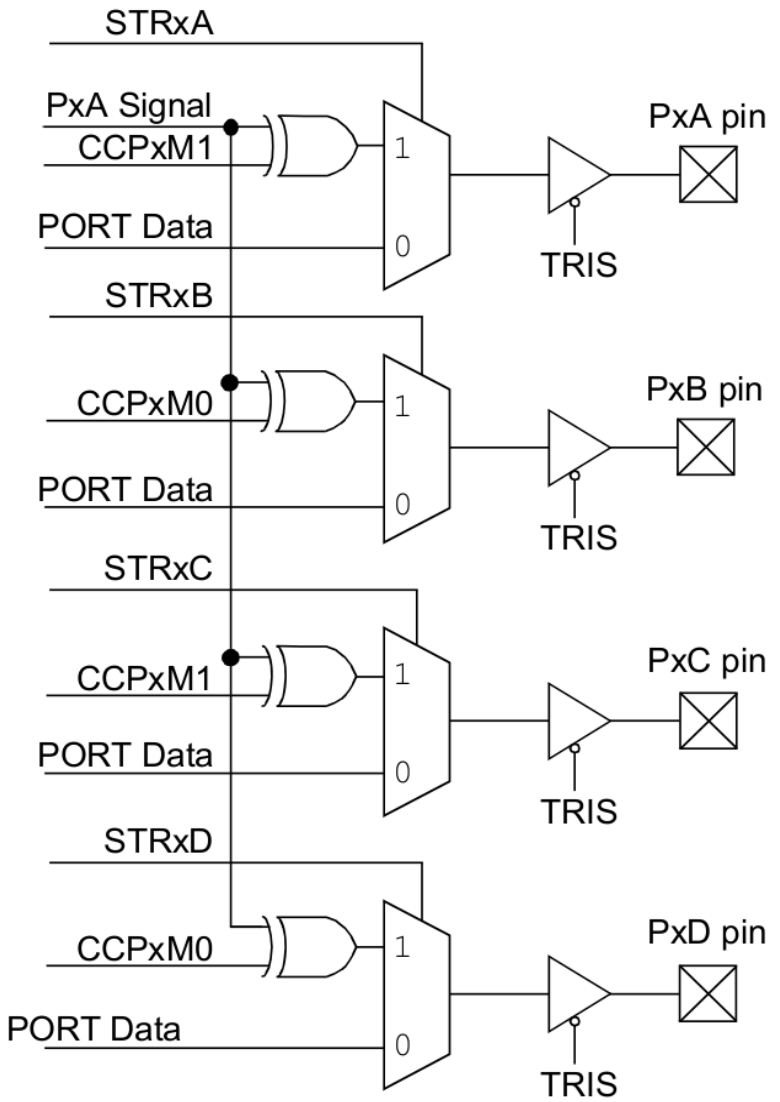

V+
FET
Driver
QA
QC
FET
Driver
PxA
PxB
Load
FET
Driver
FET
Driver
PxC
QB
QD
V-
PxD

FIGURE 22-18: SIMPLIFIED STEERING BLOCK DIAGRAM



Note 1: Port outputs are configured as shown when the CCPxCON register bits PxM<1:0> = 00 and CCPxM<3:2> = 11.

2: Single PWM output requires setting at least one of the STRx bits.

REGISTER 22-3: CCPTMRS1: PWM TIMER SELECTION CONTROL REGISTER 1

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0/0	R/W-0/0
—	—	—	—	—	—	C5TSEL<1:0>	
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:		
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'
u = Bit is unchanged	x = Bit is unknown	-n/n = Value at POR and BOR/Value at all other Resets
'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	

bit 7-2 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 1-0 **C5TSEL<1:0>:** CCP5 Timer Selection
00 = CCP5 is based off Timer 2 in PWM Mode
01 = CCP5 is based off Timer 4 in PWM Mode
10 = CCP5 is based off Timer 6 in PWM Mode
11 = Reserved

REGISTER 22-2: CCPTMRS0: PWM TIMER SELECTION CONTROL REGISTER 0

R/W-0/0	R/W-0/0	R/W-0/0	R/W-0/0	R/W-0/0	R/W-0/0	R/W-0/0	R/W-0/0
C4TSEL<1:0>		C3TSEL<1:0>		C2TSEL<1:0>		C1TSEL<1:0>	
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:		
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'
u = Bit is unchanged	x = Bit is unknown	-n/n = Value at POR and BOR/Value at all other Resets
'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	

bit 7-6 **C4TSEL<1:0>:** CCP4 Timer Selection
00 = CCP4 is based off Timer 2 in PWM Mode
01 = CCP4 is based off Timer 4 in PWM Mode
10 = CCP4 is based off Timer 6 in PWM Mode
11 = Reserved

bit 5-4 **C3TSEL<1:0>:** CCP3 Timer Selection
00 = CCP3 is based off Timer 2 in PWM Mode
01 = CCP3 is based off Timer 4 in PWM Mode
10 = CCP3 is based off Timer 6 in PWM Mode
11 = Reserved

bit 3-2 **C2TSEL<1:0>:** CCP2 Timer Selection
00 = CCP2 is based off Timer 2 in PWM Mode
01 = CCP2 is based off Timer 4 in PWM Mode
10 = CCP2 is based off Timer 6 in PWM Mode
11 = Reserved

bit 1-0 **C1TSEL<1:0>:** CCP1 Timer Selection
00 = CCP1 is based off Timer 2 in PWM Mode
01 = CCP1 is based off Timer 4 in PWM Mode
10 = CCP1 is based off Timer 6 in PWM Mode
11 = Reserved

REGISTER 22-1: CCPxCON: CCPx CONTROL REGISTER

R/W-00	R/W-0/0	R/W-0/0	R/W-0/0	R/W-0/0	R/W-0/0	R/W-0/0	R/W-0/0
PxM<1:0>(1)		DCxB<1:0>		CCPxM<3:0>			
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:		
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'
u = Bit is unchanged	x = Bit is unknown	-n/n = Value at POR and BOR/Value at all other Reset
'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	

bit 7-6 **PxM<1:0>:** Enhanced PWM Output Configuration bits(1)

Capture mode:
Unused

Compare mode:
Unused

If CCPxM<3:2> = 00, 01, 10:
xx = PxA assigned as Capture/Compare input; PxB, PxC, PxD assigned as port pins

If CCPxM<3:2> = 11:
00 = Single output; PxA modulated; PxB, PxC, PxD assigned as port pins
01 = Full-Bridge output forward; PxD modulated; PxA active; PxB, PxC inactive
10 = Half-Bridge output; PxA, PxB modulated with dead-band control; PxC, PxD assigned as port pins
11 = Full-Bridge output reverse; PxB modulated; PxC active; PxA, PxD inactive

bit 5-4 **DCxB<1:0>:** PWM Duty Cycle Least Significant bits

Capture mode:
Unused

Compare mode:
Unused

PWM mode:
These bits are the two LSbs of the PWM duty cycle. The eight MSbs are found in CCPRxL.

bit 3-0 **CCPxM<3:0>:** ECCPx Mode Select bits

0000 = Capture/Compare/PWM off (resets ECCPx module)
0001 = Reserved
0010 = Compare mode: toggle output on match
0011 = Reserved

0100 = Capture mode: every falling edge
0101 = Capture mode: every rising edge
0110 = Capture mode: every 4th rising edge
0111 = Capture mode: every 16th rising edge

1000 = Compare mode: initialize ECCPx pin low; set output on compare match (set CCPxIF)
1001 = Compare mode: initialize ECCPx pin high; clear output on compare match (set CCPxIF)
1010 = Compare mode: generate software interrupt only; ECCPx pin reverts to I/O state
1011 = Compare mode: Special Event Trigger (ECCPx resets TMR1 or TMR3, sets CCPxIF bit, ECCP2 trigger also starts A/D conversion if A/D module is enabled)(1)

CCP4/CCP5 only:
11xx = PWM mode

ECCP1/ECCP2/ECCP3 only:
1100 = PWM mode: PxA, PxC active-high; PxB, PxD active-high
1101 = PWM mode: PxA, PxC active-high; PxB, PxD active-low
1110 = PWM mode: PxA, PxC active-low; PxB, PxD active-high
1111 = PWM mode: PxA, PxC active-low; PxB, PxD active-low

Note 1: These bits are not implemented on CCP4 and CCP5.

REGISTER 22-4: CCPxAS: CCPX AUTO-SHUTDOWN CONTROL REGISTER

R/W-0/0	R/W-0/0	R/W-0/0	R/W-0/0	R/W-0/0	R/W-0/0	R/W-0/0	R/W-0/0
CCPxASE	CCPxAS<2:0>			PSSxAC<1:0>		PSSxBD<1:0>	
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:		
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'
u = Bit is unchanged	x = Bit is unknown	-n/n = Value at POR and BOR/Value at all other Resets
'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	

bit 7 **CCPxASE:** CCPx Auto-Shutdown Event Status bit
1 = A shutdown event has occurred; CCPx outputs are in shutdown state
0 = CCPx outputs are operating

bit 6-4 **CCxPAS<2:0>:** CCPx Auto-Shutdown Source Select bits
000 = Auto-shutdown is disabled
001 = Comparator C1 output low(1)
010 = Comparator C2 output low(1)
011 = Either Comparator C1 or C2 low(1)
100 = VIL on INT pin
101 = VIL on INT pin or Comparator C1 low(1)
110 = VIL on INT pin or Comparator C2 low(1)
111 = VIL on INT pin or Comparator C1 or Comparator C2 low(1)

bit 3-2 **PSSxAC<1:0>:** Pins PxA and PxC Shutdown State Control bits
00 = Drive pins PxA and PxC to '0'
01 = Drive pins PxA and PxC to '1'
1x = Pins PxA and PxC tri-state

bit 1-0 **PSSxBD<1:0>:** Pins PxB and PxD Shutdown State Control bits
00 = Drive pins PxB and PxD to '0'
01 = Drive pins PxB and PxD to '1'
1x = Pins PxB and PxD tri-state

Note 1: If CxSYNC is enabled, the shutdown will be delayed by Timer1.

REGISTER 22-5: PWMxCON: ENHANCED PWM CONTROL REGISTER

R/W-0/0	R/W-0/0	R/W-0/0	R/W-0/0	R/W-0/0	R/W-0/0	R/W-0/0	R/W-0/0
PxRSEN	PxDC<6:0>						
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:		
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'
u = Bit is unchanged	x = Bit is unknown	-n/n = Value at POR and BOR/Value at all other Resets
'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	

bit 7 **PxRSEN:** PWM Restart Enable bit
- 1 = Upon auto-shutdown, the CCPxASE bit clears automatically once the shutdown event goes away; the PWM restarts automatically
- 0 = Upon auto-shutdown, CCPxASE must be cleared in software to restart the PWM

bit 6-0 **PxDC<6:0>:** PWM Delay Count bits

PxDCx = Number of FOSC/4 (4 * TOSC) cycles between the scheduled time when a PWM signal **should** transition active and the **actual** time it transitions active

Note 1: Bit resets to '0' with Two-Speed Start-up and LP, XT or HS selected as the Oscillator mode or Fail-Safe mode is enabled.

REGISTER 22-6: PSTRxCON: PWM STEERING CONTROL REGISTER(1)

U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0/0	R/W-0/0	R/W-0/0	R/W-0/0	R/W-1/1
—	—	—	STRxSYNC	STRxD	STRxC	STRxB	STRxA
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:		
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'
u = Bit is unchanged	x = Bit is unknown	-n/n = Value at POR and BOR/Value at all other Resets
'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	

bit 7-5 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 4 **STRxSYNC:** Steering Sync bit
- 1 = Output steering update occurs on next PWM period
- 0 = Output steering update occurs at the beginning of the instruction cycle boundary

bit 3 **STRxD:** Steering Enable bit D
- 1 = PxD pin has the PWM waveform with polarity control from CCPxM<1:0>
- 0 = PxD pin is assigned to port pin

bit 2 **STRxC:** Steering Enable bit C
- 1 = PxC pin has the PWM waveform with polarity control from CCPxM<1:0>
- 0 = PxC pin is assigned to port pin

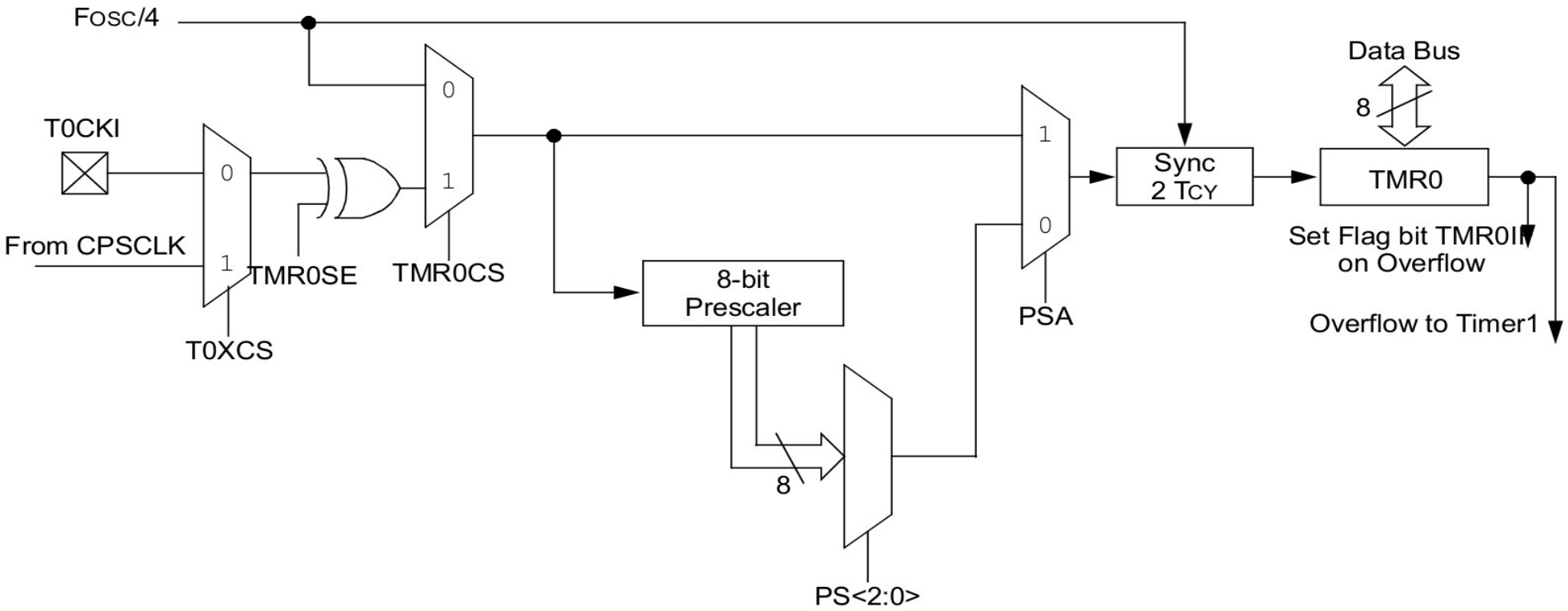
bit 1 **STRxB:** Steering Enable bit B
- 1 = PxB pin has the PWM waveform with polarity control from CCPxM<1:0>
- 0 = PxB pin is assigned to port pin

bit 0 **STRxA:** Steering Enable bit A
- 1 = PxA pin has the PWM waveform with polarity control from CCPxM<1:0>
- 0 = PxA pin is assigned to port pin

Note 1: The PWM Steering mode is available only when the CCPxCON register bits CCPxM<3:2> = 11 and PxM<1:0> = 00.

TMR0

- Muy parecido al del PIC16F88 pero con alguna diferencia
- Selección de reloj → bit T0XCS=1 (reg. CPSCON0) → entrada desde el oscilador del módulo sensor capacitivo
- El TMR0 se puede conectar en cascada con el TMR1 (salida de desbordamiento de TMR0 como entrada de puerta de TMR1)

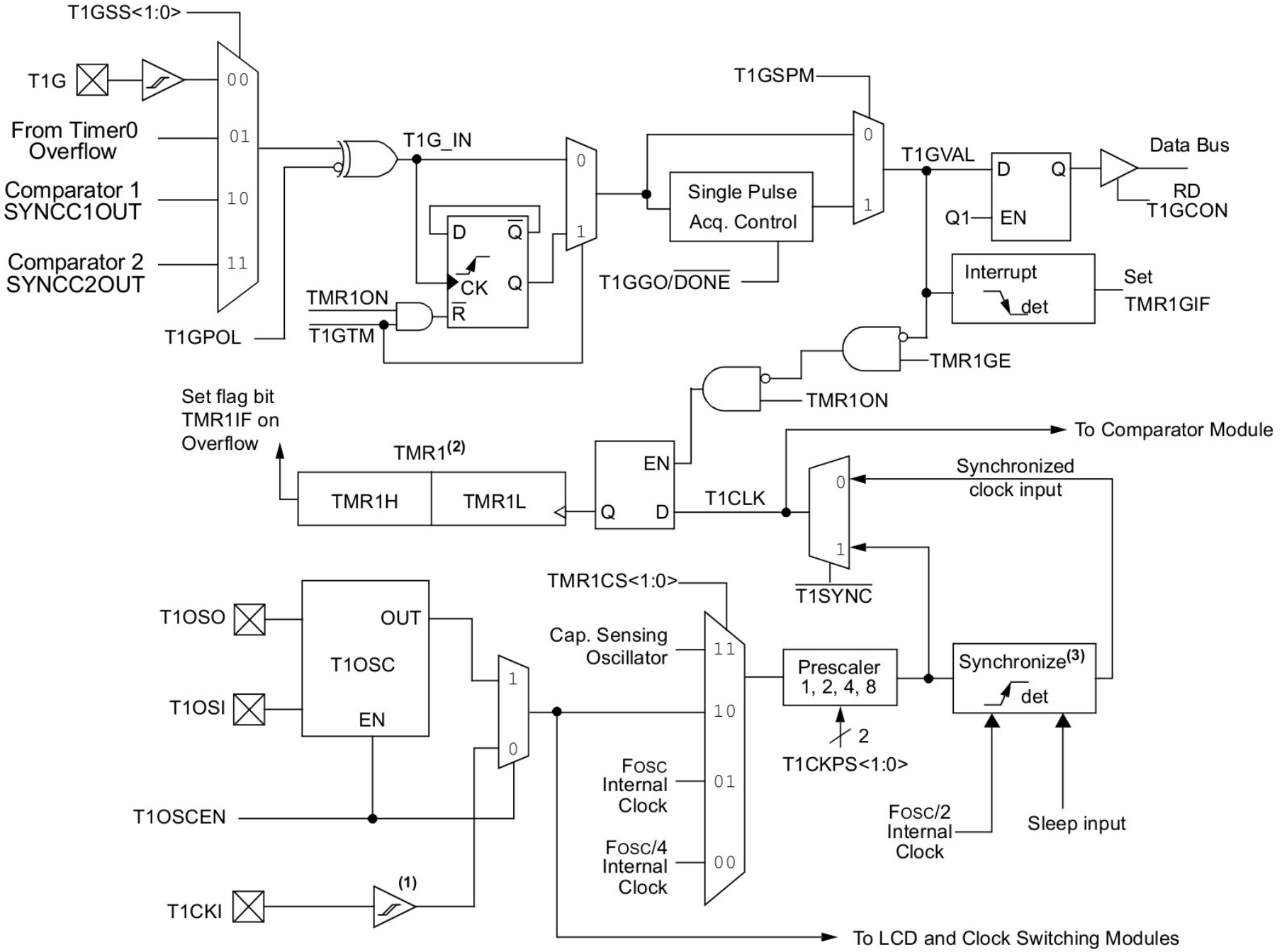


TMR1

- Similar al del PIC16F88, pero bastante mejorado
- Activación del TMR1 → bit TMR1ON (T1CON) a 1
  - Bit TMR1GE (T1GCON) a 0 → cuenta siempre (que le lleguen pulsos de reloj)
  - TMR1GE = 1 → cuenta si está habilitada la puerta
- Fuente de reloj → bits TMR1CS<1:0> y T1OSCEN (ambos en T1CON)

TMR1CS1	TMR1CS0	T1OSCEN	Clock Source
0	1	x	System Clock (FOSC)
0	0	x	Instruction Clock (FOSC/4)
1	1	x	Capacitive Sensing Oscillator
1	0	0	External Clocking on T1CKI Pin
1	0	1	Osc.Circuit On T1OSI/T1OSO Pins

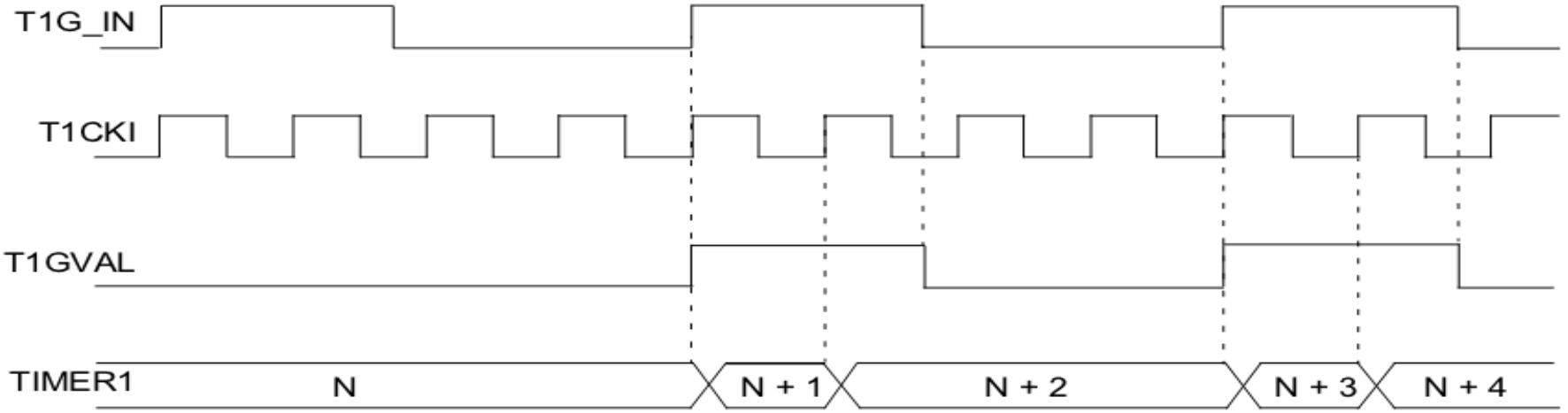
- Oscilador dedicado → cristal 32,768Khz + T1OSCEN (T1CON) a 1 → funciona en sleep
- Prescaler 1/2/4/8 → bits T1CKPS<1:0> (T1CON)
- Control de puerta (TMR1GE=1) → sólo cuenta si se habilita la puerta (T1GVAL=0)
  - T1GSS<1:0> y T1GPOL (ambos T1GCON) → fuente y polaridad para la puerta
  - Modo conmutación de puerta (gate toggle): bit T1GTM (T1GCON)=1 → habilita la puerta durante un periodo completo de la señal de puerta (uno de cada dos) en vez de durante un pulso
  - Modo pulso simple: bit T1GSPM(T1CON)=1 la puerta funciona sólo durante un pulso. Se dispara el funcionamiento de la puerta poniendo T1GGO/$\overline{\text{DONE}}$(T1GCON)=1, se borra solo.



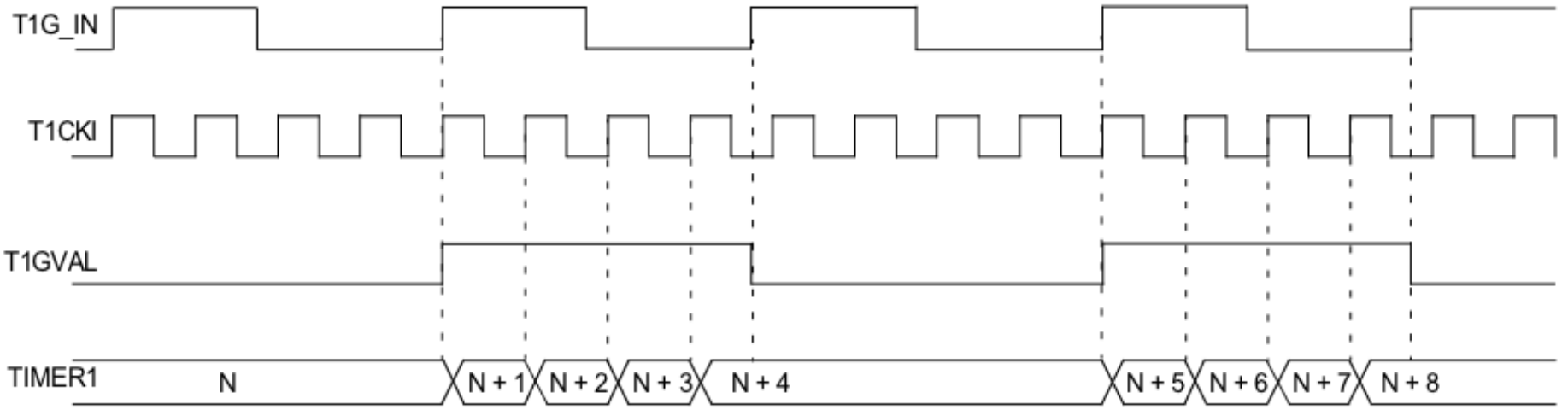
Note 1: ST Buffer is high speed type when using T1CKI.
2: Timer1 register increments on rising edge.
3: Synchronize does not operate while in Sleep.

Uso de la puerta

Puerta habilitada: TMR1GE=1, T1GPOL=1

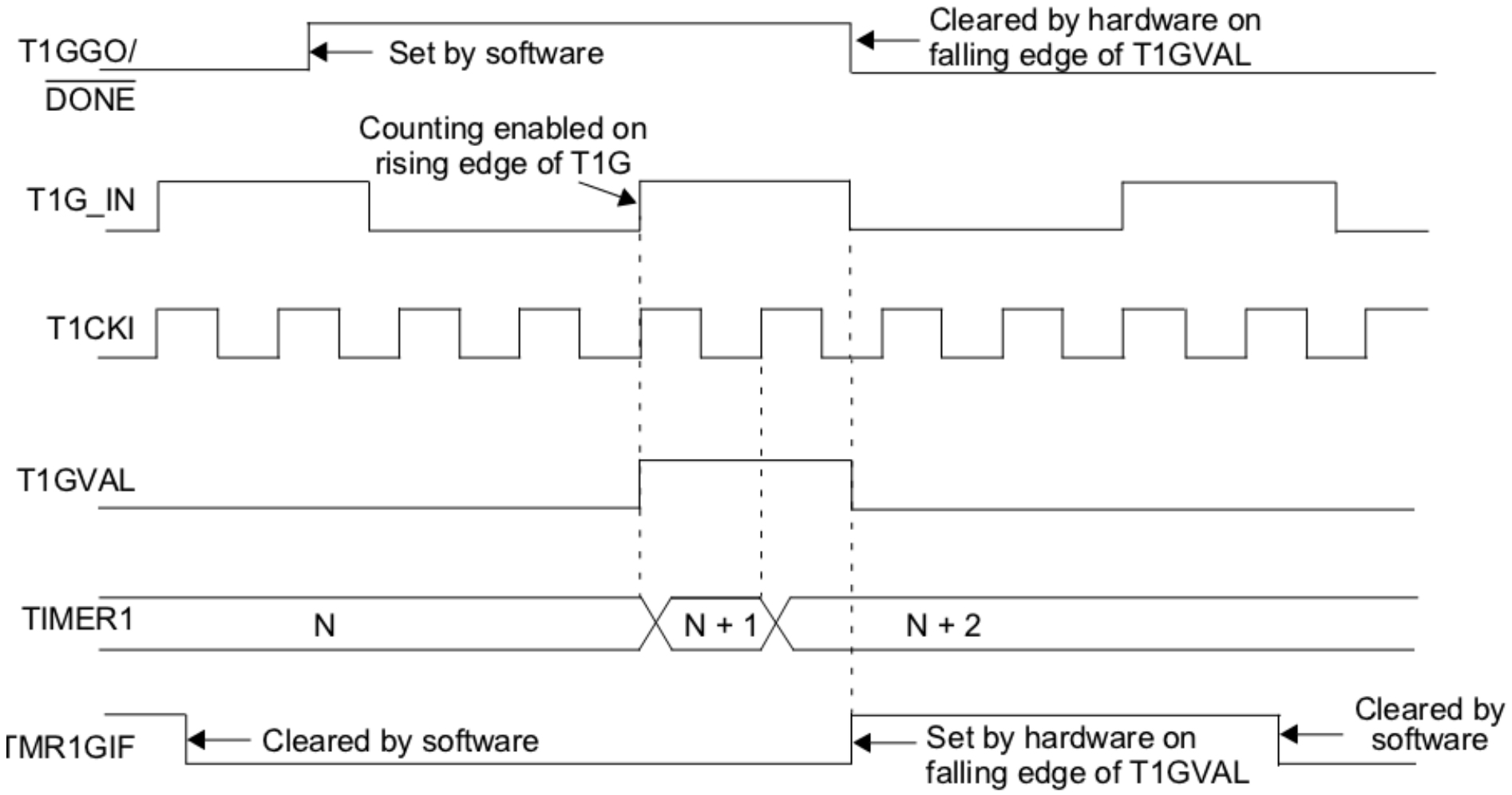


Puerta habilitada en modo conmutación: TMR1GE=1, T1GPOL=1, T1GTM=1



Puerta habilitada en modo pulso simple

TMR1GE=1, T1GPOL=1, T1GSPM=1



REGISTER 20-1: T1CON: TIMER1 CONTROL REGISTER

R/W-0/u	R/W-0/u	R/W-0/u	R/W-0/u	R/W-0/u	R/W-0/u	U-0	R/W-0/u
TMR1CS<1:0>		T1CKPS<1:0>		T1OSCEN	$\overline{\text{T1SYNC}}$	—	TMR1ON
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:		
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'
u = Bit is unchanged	x = Bit is unknown	-n/n = Value at POR and BOR/Value at all other Resets
'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	

bit 7-6 **TMR1CS<1:0>:** Timer1 Clock Source Select bits
11 = Timer1 clock source is Capacitive Sensing Oscillator (CAPOSC)
10 = Timer1 clock source is pin or oscillator:
If T1OSCEN = 0:
External clock from T1CKI pin (on the rising edge)
If T1OSCEN = 1:
Crystal oscillator on T1OSI/T1OSO pins
01 = Timer1 clock source is system clock (FOSC)
00 = Timer1 clock source is instruction clock (FOSC/4)

bit 5-4 **T1CKPS<1:0>:** Timer1 Input Clock Prescale Select bits
11 = 1:8 Prescale value
10 = 1:4 Prescale value
01 = 1:2 Prescale value
00 = 1:1 Prescale value

bit 3 **T1OSCEN:** LP Oscillator Enable Control bit
1 = Dedicated Timer1 oscillator circuit enabled
0 = Dedicated Timer1 oscillator circuit disabled

bit 2 **$\overline{\text{T1SYNC}}$:** Timer1 External Clock Input Synchronization Control bit
TMR1CS<1:0> = 1X
1 = Do not synchronize external clock input
0 = Synchronize external clock input with system clock (FOSC)

TMR1CS<1:0> = 0X
This bit is ignored. Timer1 uses the internal clock when TMR1CS<1:0> = 1X.

bit 1 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 0 **TMR1ON:** Timer1 On bit
1 = Enables Timer1
0 = Stops Timer1
Clears Timer1 Gate flip-flop

REGISTER 20-2: T1GCON: TIMER1 GATE CONTROL REGISTER

R/W-0/u	R/W-0/u	R/W-0/u	R/W-0/u	R/W/HC-0/u	R-x/x	R/W-0/u	R/W-0/u
TMR1GE	T1GPOL	T1GTM	T1GSPM	T1GGO/$\overline{\text{DONE}}$	T1GVAL	T1GSS<1:0>	
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:		
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'
u = Bit is unchanged	x = Bit is unknown	-n/n = Value at POR and BOR/Value at all other Resets
'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	HC = Bit is cleared by hardware

bit 7 **TMR1GE:** Timer1 Gate Enable bit

If TMR1ON = 0:
This bit is ignored
If TMR1ON = 1:
1 = Timer1 counting is controlled by the Timer1 gate function
0 = Timer1 counts regardless of Timer1 gate function

bit 6 **T1GPOL:** Timer1 Gate Polarity bit

1 = Timer1 gate is active-high (Timer1 counts when gate is high)
0 = Timer1 gate is active-low (Timer1 counts when gate is low)

bit 5 **T1GTM:** Timer1 Gate Toggle Mode bit

1 = Timer1 Gate Toggle mode is enabled
0 = Timer1 Gate Toggle mode is disabled and toggle flip flop is cleared
Timer1 gate flip-flop toggles on every rising edge.

bit 4 **T1GSPM:** Timer1 Gate Single-Pulse Mode bit

1 = Timer1 gate Single-Pulse mode is enabled and is controlling Timer1 gate
0 = Timer1 gate Single-Pulse mode is disabled

bit 3 **T1GGO/$\overline{\text{DONE}}$:** Timer1 Gate Single-Pulse Acquisition Status bit

1 = Timer1 gate single-pulse acquisition is ready, waiting for an edge
0 = Timer1 gate single-pulse acquisition has completed or has not been started
This bit is automatically cleared when T1GSPM is cleared.

bit 2 **T1GVAL:** Timer1 Gate Current State bit

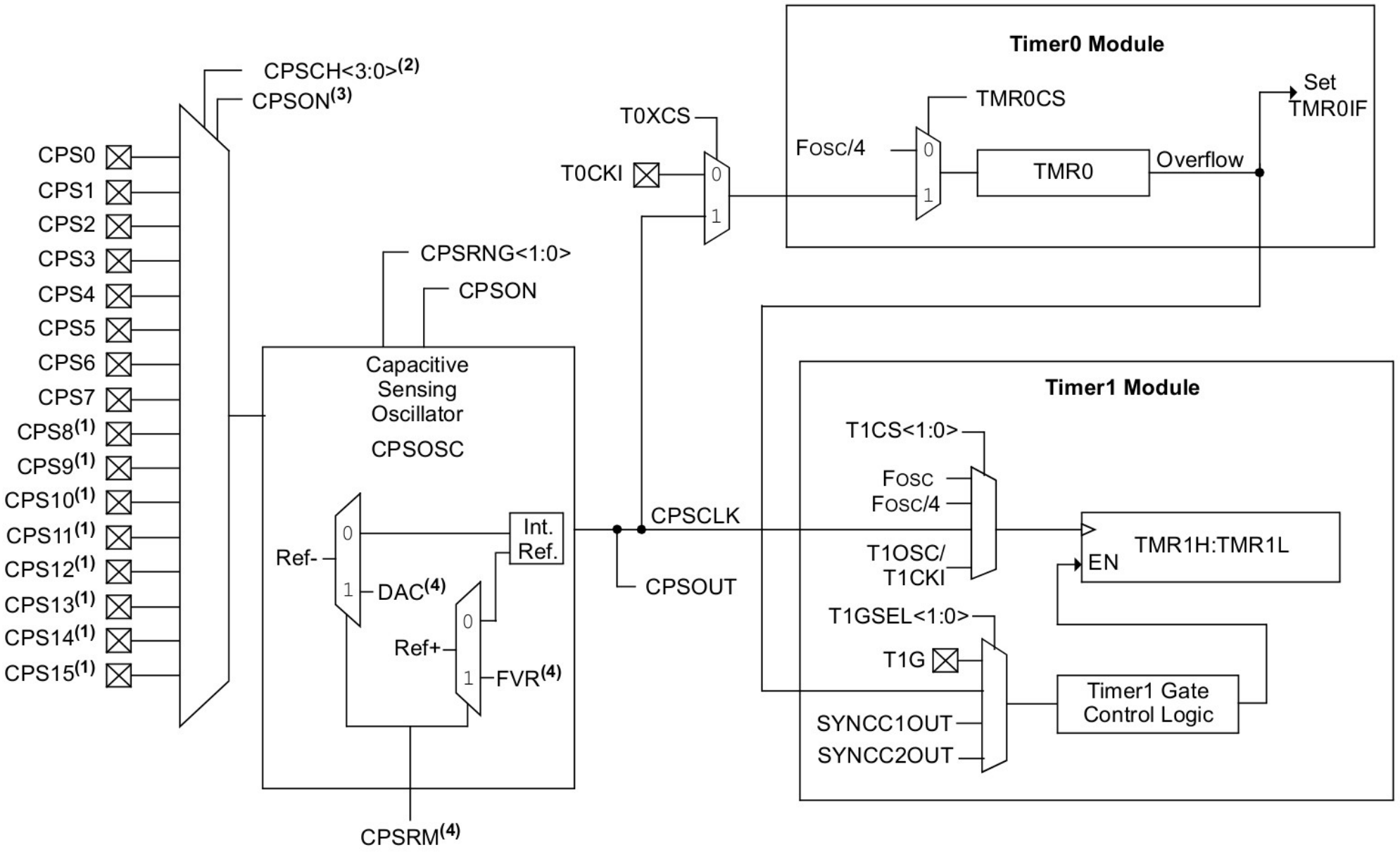
Indicates the current state of the Timer1 gate that could be provided to TMR1H:TMR1L.
Unaffected by Timer1 Gate Enable (TMR1GE).

bit 1-0 **T1GSS<1:0>:** Timer1 Gate Source Select bits

00 = Timer1 Gate pin
01 = Timer0 overflow output
10 = Comparator 1 optionally synchronized output (SYNCC1OUT)
11 = Comparator 2 optionally synchronized output (SYNCC2OUT)

Módulo sensor capacitivo

- Permite la interacción con el usuario sin ningún dispositivo externo
  - La entrada se conecta a un pad del PCB → tiene una capacidad asociada (a masa)
  - El módulo tiene un oscilador interno, que depende de la capacidad conectada a la entrada
  - Al tocarlo se cambia la capacidad (aumenta) → cambia la frecuencia
- El módulo se activa con CPSON(CPSCON0) = 1
- La corriente de carga/descarga se configura con CPSRNG<1:0>(CPSCON=)
- Las frecuencias de oscilación dependen de dos tensiones de referencia Ref+ y Ref-
  - Para CPSRM(CPSCON0)=0 → Ref+ y Ref- son dos valores fijos generados por el módulo
  - Para CPSRM=1 → Ref- la genera el DAC y Ref+ el FVR
- Mux analógico 16 entradas → selección CPSCH<3:0>(CPSCON1) (el pin debe estar configurado como entrada analógica)
- Medida y calibración
  - Módulo conectado a TMR0/TMR1 (T0XCS=0/1 en CPSCON0) como reloj externo → mide frec. oscilador
  - Se necesita una base de tiempo fija → un TMR que no se use o un bucle de temporización
  - Se mide cuenta de TMR0/TMR1 durante el tiempo fijo → frecuencia
  - Necesidad de calibración → medida de frecuencia alta (“sin tocar”) y baja (“tocando”)
- AN1101 y AN1102 de Microchip → detalles sobre los sensores capacitivos y guia para diseñar el PCB



Note 1: Reference CPSCON1 register (Register 25-2) for channels implemented on each device.
2: CPSCH3 is not implemented on PIC16F1933/1936/1938/PIC16LF1933/1936/1938.
3: If CPSON = 0, disabling capacitive sensing, no channel is selected.
4: Variable Voltage Reference selection is implemented on PIC16F/LF1934/1936/1937 only.

REGISTER 25-1: CPSCON0: CAPACITIVE SENSING CONTROL REGISTER 0

R/W-0/0	R/W-0/0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0/0	R/W-0/0	R-0/0	R/W-0/0
CPSON	CPSRM(1)	—	—	CPSRNG<1:0>		CPSOUT	T0XCS
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:		
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'
u = Bit is unchanged	x = Bit is unknown	-n/n = Value at POR and BOR/Value at all other Resets
'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	

bit 7 **CPSON:** Capacitive Sensing Module Enable bit
1 = Capacitive sensing module is enabled
0 = Capacitive sensing module is disabled

bit 6 **CPSRM:** Capacitive Sensing Reference Mode bit(1)
1 = Capacitive Sensing module is in high range. DAC and FVR provide oscillator voltage references.
0 = Capacitive Sensing module is in the low range. Internal oscillator voltage references are used.

bit 5-4 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 3-2 **CPSRNG<1:0>:** Capacitive Sensing Current Range
If CPSRM = 0 (low range):(1)
00 = Oscillator is off
01 = Oscillator is in Low Range. Charge/Discharge Current is nominally 0.1 µA
10 = Oscillator is in Medium Range. Charge/Discharge Current is nominally 1.2 µA
11 = Oscillator is in High Range. Charge/Discharge Current is nominally 18 µA

If CPSRM = 1 (high range):(2)
00 = Oscillator is on. Noise Detection mode. No Charge/Discharge current is supplied.
01 = Oscillator is in Low Range. Charge/Discharge Current is nominally 9 µA
10 = Oscillator is in Medium Range. Charge/Discharge Current is nominally 30 µA
11 = Oscillator is in High Range. Charge/Discharge Current is nominally 100 µA

bit 1 **CPSOUT:** Capacitive Sensing Oscillator Status bit
1 = Oscillator is sourcing current (Current flowing out of the pin)
0 = Oscillator is sinking current (Current flowing into the pin)

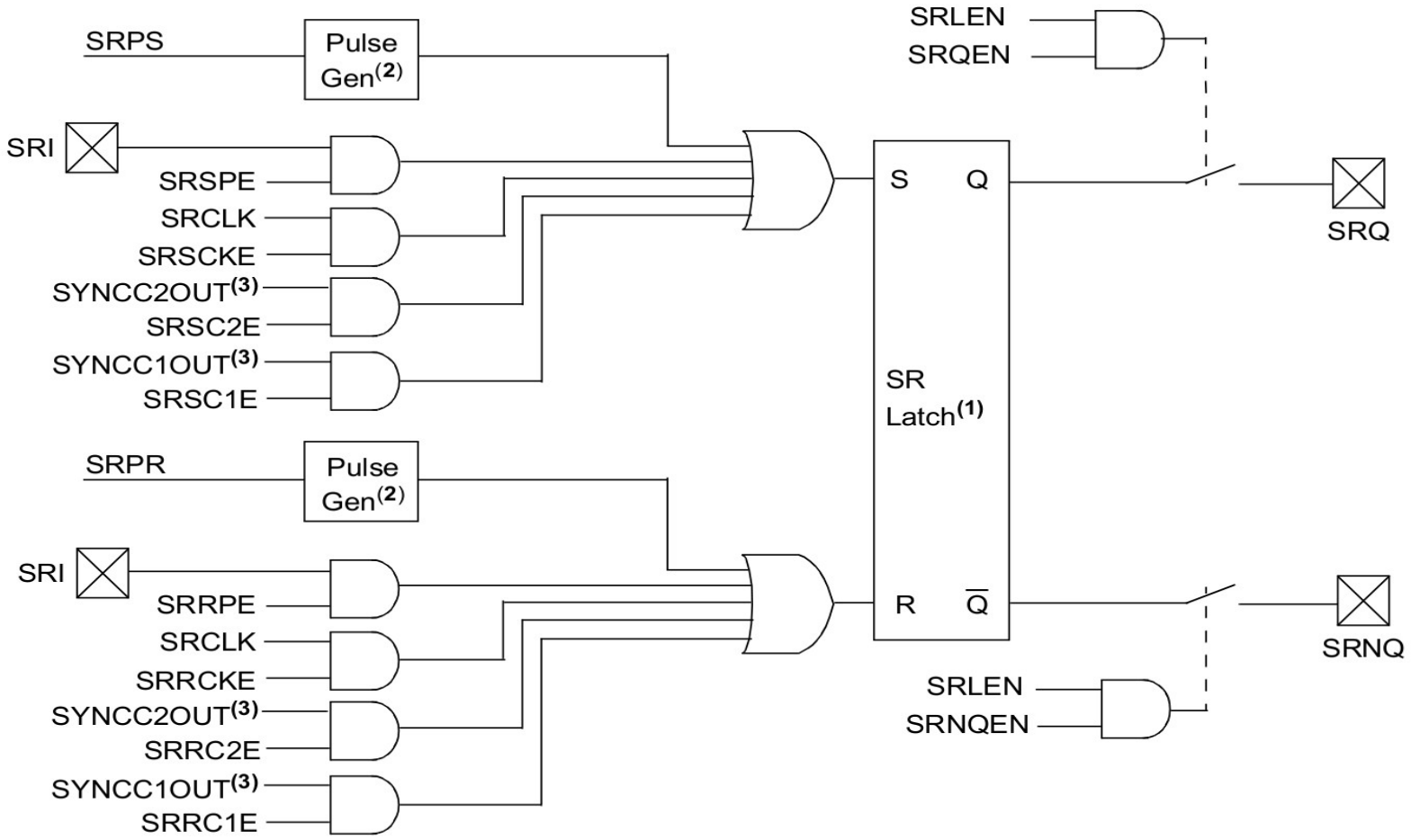
bit 0 **T0XCS:** Timer0 External Clock Source Select bit
If TMR0CS = 1:
The T0XCS bit controls which clock external to the core/Timer0 module supplies Timer0:
1 = Timer0 clock source is the capacitive sensing oscillator
0 = Timer0 clock source is the T0CKI pin
If TMR0CS = 0:
Timer0 clock source is controlled by the core/Timer0 module and is FOSC/4

Note 1: For the PIC16F/LF1934/1936/1937 devices, the Capacitive Sensing Reference Mode bit (CPSRM) is not available and the Capacitive Sensing Low Range is the only operable range for these devices. Different bit configurations made with the CPSRNG<1:0> bits of the CPSCON0 register make the appropriate selections within the low range only.

2: The Capacitive Sensing High Range is available on the PIC16F/LF1933/1938/1939 devices only.

Latch SR

- Latch con múltiples fuentes RESET y SET
- Se puede usar para aplicaciones analógica (monoestable, aestable, …..)



Note 1: If R = 1 and S = 1 simultaneously, Q = 0, $\overline{Q}$ = 1
2: Pulse generator causes a 1 Q-state pulse width.
3: Name denotes the connection point at the comparator output.

TABLE 18-1: SRCLK FREQUENCY TABLE

SRCLK	Divider	Fosc = 32 MHz	Fosc = 20 MHz	Fosc = 16 MHz	Fosc = 4 MHz	Fosc = 1 MHz
111	512	62.5 kHz	39.0 kHz	31.3 kHz	7.81 kHz	1.95 kHz
110	256	125 kHz	78.1 kHz	62.5 kHz	15.6 kHz	3.90 kHz
101	128	250 kHz	156 kHz	125 kHz	31.25 kHz	7.81 kHz
100	64	500 kHz	313 kHz	250 kHz	62.5 kHz	15.6 kHz
011	32	1 MHz	625 kHz	500 kHz	125 kHz	31.3 kHz
010	16	2 MHz	1.25 MHz	1 MHz	250 kHz	62.5 kHz
001	8	4 MHz	2.5 MHz	2 MHz	500 kHz	125 kHz
000	4	8 MHz	5 MHz	4 MHz	1 MHz	250 kHz

REGISTER 18-1: SRCON0: SR LATCH CONTROL 0 REGISTER

R/W-0/0	R/W-0/0	R/W-0/0	R/W-0/0	R/W-0/0	R/W-0/0	R/S-0/0	R/S-0/0
SRLEN	SRCLK<2:0>			SRQEN	SRNQEN	SRPS	SRPR
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:		
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'
u = Bit is unchanged	x = Bit is unknown	-n/n = Value at POR and BOR/Value at all other Resets
'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	S = Bit is set only

bit 7 **SRLEN:** SR Latch Enable bit
1 = SR Latch is enabled
0 = SR Latch is disabled

bit 6-4 **SRCLK<2:0>:** SR Latch Clock Divider bits
000 = Generates a 1 Fosc wide pulse every 4th Fosc cycle clock
001 = Generates a 1 Fosc wide pulse every 8th Fosc cycle clock
010 = Generates a 1 Fosc wide pulse every 16th Fosc cycle clock
011 = Generates a 1 Fosc wide pulse every 32nd Fosc cycle clock
100 = Generates a 1 Fosc wide pulse every 64th Fosc cycle clock
101 = Generates a 1 Fosc wide pulse every 128th Fosc cycle clock
110 = Generates a 1 Fosc wide pulse every 256th Fosc cycle clock
111 = Generates a 1 Fosc wide pulse every 512th Fosc cycle clock

bit 3 **SRQEN:** SR Latch Q Output Enable bit
If SRLEN = 1:
1 = Q is present on the SRQ pin
0 = External Q output is disabled
If SRLEN = 0:
SR Latch is disabled

bit 2 **SRNQEN:** SR Latch $\overline{Q}$ Output Enable bit
If SRLEN = 1:
1 = $\overline{Q}$ is present on the SRnQ pin
0 = External $\overline{Q}$ output is disabled
If SRLEN = 0:
SR Latch is disabled

bit 1 **SRPS:** Pulse Set Input of the SR Latch bit(1)
1 = Pulse set input for 1 Q-clock period
0 = No effect on set input.

bit 0 **SRPR:** Pulse Reset Input of the SR Latch bit(1)
1 = Pulse reset input for 1 Q-clock period
0 = No effect on reset input.

Note 1: Set only, always reads back '0'.

REGISTER 18-2: SRCON1: SR LATCH CONTROL 1 REGISTER

R/W-0/0	R/W-0/0	R/W-0/0	R/W-0/0	R/W-0/0	R/W-0/0	R/W-0/0	R/W-0/0
SRSPE	SRSCKE	SRSC2E	SRSC1E	SRRPE	SRRCKE	SRRC2E	SRRC1E
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:		
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'
u = Bit is unchanged	x = Bit is unknown	-n/n = Value at POR and BOR/Value at all other Resets
'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	

bit 7 **SRSPE:** SR Latch Peripheral Set Enable bit
1 = SR Latch is set when the SRI pin is high.
0 = SRI pin has no effect on the set input of the SR Latch

bit 6 **SRSCKE:** SR Latch Set Clock Enable bit
1 = Set input of SR Latch is pulsed with SRCLK
0 = SRCLK has no effect on the set input of the SR Latch

bit 5 **SRSC2E:** SR Latch C2 Set Enable bit
1 = SR Latch is set when the C2 Comparator output is high
0 = C2 Comparator output has no effect on the set input of the SR Latch

bit 4 **SRSC1E:** SR Latch C1 Set Enable bit
1 = SR Latch is set when the C1 Comparator output is high
0 = C1 Comparator output has no effect on the set input of the SR Latch

bit 3 **SRRPE:** SR Latch Peripheral Reset Enable bit
1 = SR Latch is reset when the SRI pin is high.
0 = SRI pin has no effect on the reset input of the SR Latch

bit 2 **SRRCKE:** SR Latch Reset Clock Enable bit
1 = Reset input of SR Latch is pulsed with SRCLK
0 = SRCLK has no effect on the reset input of the SR Latch

bit 1 **SRRC2E:** SR Latch C2 Reset Enable bit
1 = SR Latch is reset when the C2 Comparator output is high
0 = C2 Comparator output has no effect on the reset input of the SR Latch

bit 0 **SRRC1E:** SR Latch C1 Reset Enable bit
1 = SR Latch is reset when the C1 Comparator output is high
0 = C1 Comparator output has no effect on the reset input of the SR Latch